



**EURAMET project No. F 1515  
Intercomparison of air speed in the range of  
(1 - 40) m/s**

**Final Report**

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## **1. Introduction**

The F1515 comparison was organized for the purpose of determination of the degree of equivalence of the national standards for air speed over the range 1 m/s to 40 m/s. Nine countries participated in the comparison. This comparison covers the air speed range (1-40) m/s and is intended to be a Supplementary Comparison for CIPM Air Speed Key Comparison (CCM.FF-K3.2011). Two types of anemometers were used as transfer standards; an ultrasonic anemometer and a pitot tube. Each transfer standard was tested separately at air speeds of 1.0, 3.0, 5.0, 10.0, 15.0, 20.0, 30.0, 40.0 m/s.

Three participants of this project France (CETIAT), Germany (PTB) and Austria (BEV/E+E) were also participants in the CIPM key comparison CCM.FF-K3.2011 which covers air speeds from 0,5 m/s to 40 m/s. Exactly the same type of ultrasonic anemometer which is manufactured by SONIC CORPORATION is also used in this comparison.

The present report is written according to the guidelines for CIPM key comparison [1] and to the comparison protocol organization for EURAMET TC flow [2].

## 2. Participants

The participants are listed in table 1 and comparison timetable in table 2.

**Table 1.** List of participants

<b>TÜBİTAK UME</b>	<b>TÜBİTAK UME</b> Akışkanlar Laboratuarları TÜBİTAK Gebze Yerleşkesi Barış Mah. Dr.Zeki Acar Cad. No:1 41470 Gebze / KOCAELİ TURKEY	Hakan KAYKISIZLI hakan.kaykisizli@tubitak.gov.tr +90 262 679 500 00
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<b>METAS</b>	<b>Federal Institute of Metrology METAS</b> Laboratory Flow and Hydrometry	Marc DE HUU marc.dehuu@metas.ch Tel. +41 58 387 02 67
<b>RISE</b>	<b>RISE Research Institutes of Sweden AB</b> Inspection and Calibration Brinellgatan 4 SE-504 62 Borås,Sweden	Per JACOBSSON per.jacobsson@ri.se +46 10 516 56 63
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<b>BEV/E+E</b>	<b>BEV/E+E Elektronik</b> Designated Laboratory Langwiesen 7 A-4209 Engerwitzdorf	Dietmar PACHINGER dietmar.pachinger@epluse.at +43 7235 605 275
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<b>PTB</b>	<b>PTB</b> Fachbereich Gase 1.4 Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig/Germany	Jessica KAMPE Jessica.Kampe@ptb.de +49 531 592 1316
<b>CMI</b>	<b>CMI</b> Czech Metrology Institute Okružní 31, 63800 Brno Czech Republic	Jan Geršl jgersl@cmi.cz +420 545 555 718

**Table 2.** Comparison timetable

	2021											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Turkey TÜBİTAK UME	Pilot											
France CETIAT		Pilot										
Switzerland METAS												
France CETIAT				Pilot								
Sweden RISE												
Lithuania LEI												
Austria BEV/E+E												
France CETIAT								Pilot				
Denmark DTI												
Germany PTB												
Czech Republic CMI												
Turkey TÜBİTAK UME												Pilot
France CETIAT												Pilot

### 3. Description of transfer standards

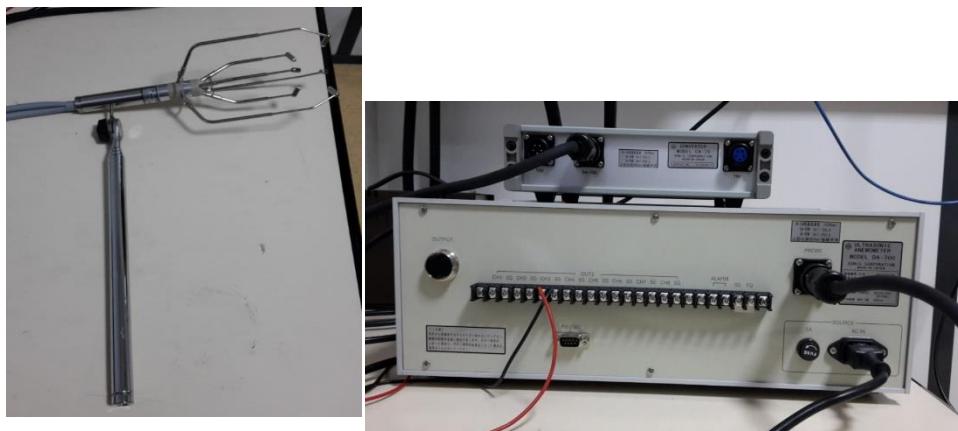
Two types of anemometers were used in this comparison; static pitot tube and ultrasonic anemometer. Some technical specifications are listed in table 3.

**Table 3.** Technical specifications of the transfer anemometers

Measuring instrument	Ultrasonic Anemometer	Pitot Tube
Indication	Digital display	Digital display
Manufacturer	KAIJO Sonic	Fluke
Type	DA-650/TR-92	Fluke 922
Measuring range:	1 m/s – 50 m/s	1 m/s – 40 m/s
Sensor Size	120 mm L x 60 mm $\Phi$	30 mm L x 6 mm $\Phi$
Resolution	0,01 m/s	0,01 m/s



**Figure 1.** Fluke 922 Pitot tube



**Figure 2.** Ultrasonic anemometer

The ultrasonic anemometer used in this SC is manufactured by KAIJO SONIC CORPORATION. The probe has three pairs of ultrasonic transducers and measures the three-dimensional velocity vector derived from the time of the ultrasonic waves between pairs of transducers. The projected area of the probe is 1287 mm<sup>2</sup>. The arrangement of the instrument is such that the flow reach the sensor along its main axis. This way, the disturbance of the instrument to the flow is minimized; also, no influence of the emitters' supports on the measurements is noticeable. Although the overall blockage effect of the instrument should be quite reduced, the overall dimension of the sensor implies a diameter of about 10 cm. In order to minimize the effects of wall interaction, it is recommended to have any walls at a distance of at least 10 cm from the instrument. Therefore, test rooms of at least 30 cm diameter (or 30 cm minimum transverse direction for square/rectangular section wind tunnels) are recommended to be used. The Pitot Tube uses standard conditions (temperature =21.1 °C, barometric pressure = 1013 mbar, 45 %relative humidity), to approximate actual velocity and flow.

#### **4. Description of the used calibration method**

Two types of anemometer have been calibrated by 9 laboratories and results have been analyzed. Each participating lab have calibrated the two transfer standards and evaluated the uncertainty of the calibration results as per their own quality system. The calibration of the transfer standards in the tunnel facilities was performed for the following air speeds;

**Table 4.** Measurement points

#	Air speed
1	1.0 m/s
2	3.0 m/s
3	5.0 m/s
4	10.0 m/s
5	15.0 m/s
6	20.0 m/s
7	30.0 m/s
8	40.0 m/s

At each speed repeated measurements have been recorded according to the procedure of each laboratory.

Since the pitot tube velocity reading is at standard conditions (temperature =21.1 °C, barometric pressure = 1013 mbar), laboratories have used their own procedures to correct the readings for actual conditions.

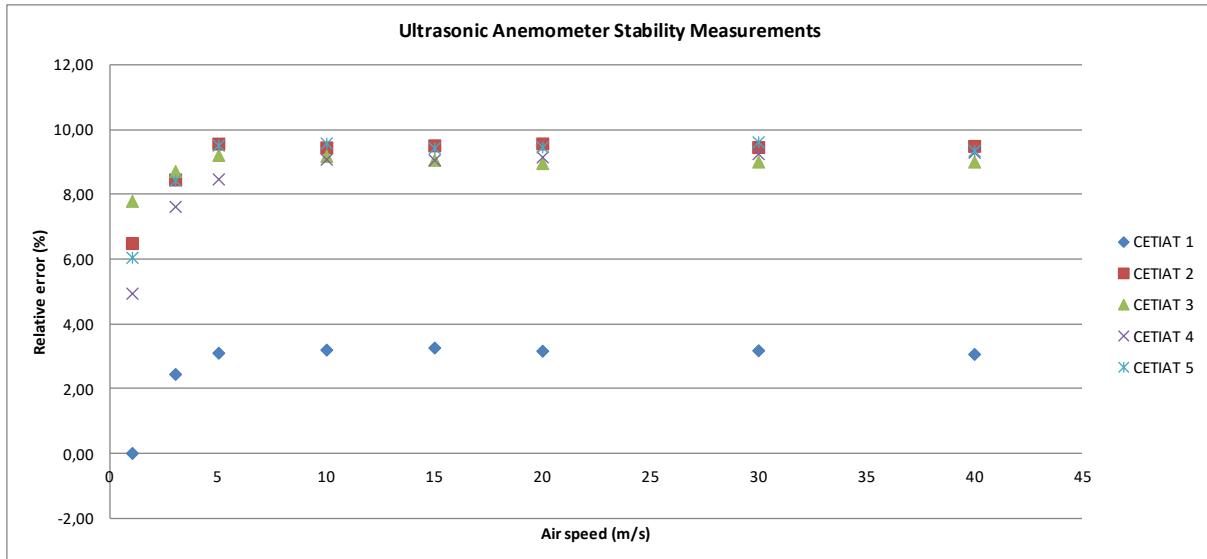
The data for the two instruments should be recorded to measurement file. In measurement file there are two pages; one for ultrasonic anemometer and the other for pitot tube.

Laboratory Reference values have been adjusted within the ± 5 % of the target air speeds.

The data for the two instruments have been recorded to a measurement file. Laboratories have used their own procedures to calculate the error and uncertainties of the transfer meters. The drift of the anemometers have been calculated by the pilot laboratory and added to the laboratory uncertainty values.

## 5. The stability determination of the transfer meters

The ultrasonic anemometer has been recalibrated by the CETIAT five times in order to check its stability during the comparison. Due to the shift after first measurement at TUBITAK UME, the drift was calculated only for the other four stability measurements of ultrasonic anemometer during the comparison as shown in figure 3. TUBITAK UME measurements are not included in ultrasonic anemometer comparison.



**Figure 3.** Stability measurement results for ultrasonic anemometer by CETIAT

The relative error and related uncertainties corresponding to each stability measurements are given in table 5 with calculated drift values. The drift of the transfer meters are calculated according to the equation (1) as follows;

$$u_{drift} = \frac{E_{\max} - E_{\min}}{2\sqrt{3}} \quad (1)$$

The expanded relative uncertainty of the reference value is added to calibration measurement uncertainty as follows;

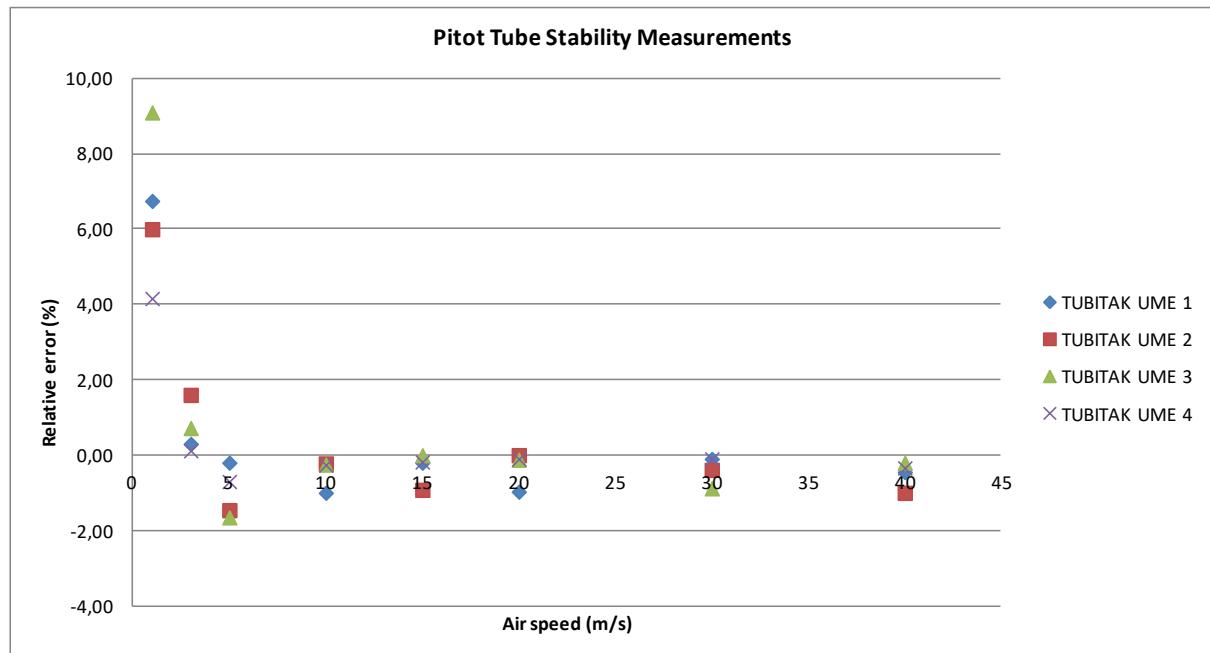
$$U = k \sqrt{\left[ \frac{U(x_i)}{2} \right]^2 + u_{drift}^2} \quad (2)$$

where  $U(x_i)$  is the expanded combined uncertainty ( $k=2$ ) determined by laboratory and presented in results of laboratory.

**Table 5.** Stability data and calculated drift uncertainty for ultrasonic anemometer

Air speed (m/s)	CETIAT 2		CETIAT 3		CETIAT 4		CETIAT 5		$u_{drift}$
	E (%)	U(k=2)	E (%)	U(k=2)	E (%)	U(k=2)	E (%)	U(k=2)	
1	6,49	2,81	7,80	2,75	4,94	2,73	6,05	2,26	0,82
3	8,46	1,78	8,72	1,13	7,63	1,44	8,43	1,14	0,32
5	9,56	0,85	9,21	1,01	8,47	0,99	9,52	0,85	0,31
10	9,45	0,77	9,18	0,81	9,09	0,74	9,58	0,77	0,14
15	9,51	0,83	9,06	0,81	9,06	0,82	9,43	0,89	0,13
20	9,57	0,79	8,96	0,83	9,16	0,80	9,46	0,85	0,17
30	9,46	0,69	9,01	0,83	9,26	0,96	9,62	0,85	0,18
40	9,49	0,74	9,01	0,85	9,30	0,94	9,35	1,11	0,14

The pitot tube has been calibrated before and after the comparison four times for stability check and drift calculations. The results are shown in figure 4.



**Figure 4.** Stability measurement results for pitot tube anemometer by TUBITAK UME  
The relative error and related uncertainties corresponding to each stability  
measurements are given in table 6 with calculated drift values.

**Table 6.** Stability data calculated drift uncertainty for pitot tube anemometer

Air speed (m/s)	TUBITAK UME 1		TUBITAK UME 2		TUBITAK UME 3		TUBITAK UME 4		$u_{\text{drift}}$
	E (%)	U(k=2)	E (%)	U(k=2)	E (%)	U(k=2)	E (%)	U(k=2)	
1	6,75	2,02	6,00	2,00	9,10	2,02	4,16	2,04	1,43
3	0,30	1,48	1,60	1,42	0,72	1,50	0,12	1,44	0,43
5	-0,20	0,91	-1,46	0,90	-1,65	0,93	-0,70	0,94	0,42
10	-1,00	0,92	-0,22	0,92	-0,25	0,91	-0,26	0,92	0,23
15	-0,20	0,93	-0,92	0,92	0,00	0,92	-0,18	0,92	0,27
20	-0,97	0,92	0,00	0,92	-0,12	0,92	-0,10	0,92	0,28
30	-0,10	0,93	-0,39	0,92	-0,88	0,91	-0,10	0,92	0,23
40	-0,45	0,92	-1,00	0,92	-0,20	0,93	-0,34	0,92	0,23

## 6. The Calculation of the Comparison Reference Value (CRV)

The reference value was determined in each air speed separately. The method of determination of the reference value in each air speed corresponds to the procedure presented by M.G.Cox [3].

The determination of the CRV will include a consistency check according to [4].

The reference value  $y$  will be calculated as weighted mean error (WME):

$$y = \frac{\frac{x_1}{u_{x1}^2} + \frac{x_2}{u_{x2}^2} + \dots + \frac{x_n}{u_{xn}^2}}{\frac{1}{u_{x1}^2} + \frac{1}{u_{x2}^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{u_{xn}^2}} \quad (3)$$

where  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$  are errors of the anemometer in one air speed in different laboratories  $1, 2, \dots, n$

$u_{x1}, u_{x2}, \dots, u_{xn}$  are standard uncertainties (not expanded) of the error in laboratories  $1, 2, \dots, n$  including the uncertainty caused by stability of the anemometer.

The standard uncertainty of the reference value  $u_y$  is given by

$$\frac{1}{u_y^2} = \frac{1}{u_{x1}^2} + \frac{1}{u_{x2}^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{u_{xn}^2} \quad (4)$$

The expanded uncertainty of the reference value  $U(y)$  is

$$U(y) = 2.u_y \quad (5)$$

The chi-squared test for consistency check was performed using values of errors of the anemometer in each air speed. At first the chi-squared value  $\chi_{obs}^2$  was calculated by

$$\chi_{obs}^2 = \frac{(x_1 - y)^2}{u_{x1}^2} + \frac{(x_2 - y)^2}{u_{x2}^2} + \dots + \frac{(x_n - y)^2}{u_{xn}^2} \quad (6)$$

The degrees of freedom  $\nu$  was assigned

$$\nu = n - 1 \quad (7)$$

where  $n$  is the number of evaluated laboratories.

The consistency check was failing if

$$Pr\{\chi_{\nu}^2 > \chi_{obs}^2\} < 0,05 \quad (8)$$

(The function  $CHIINV(0,05; \nu)$  in MS Excel was used. The consistency check was failing if  $CHIINV(0,05; \nu) < \chi_{obs}^2$ )

If the consistency check does not fail, then  $y$  was accepted as the comparison reference value  $x_{ref}$  and  $U(y)$  was accepted as the expanded uncertainty of the comparison reference value  $U(x_{ref})$ .

If the consistency check fails then the laboratory with the highest value of  $\frac{(x_i - y)^2}{u_{xi}^2}$  was excluded for the next round of evaluation and the new reference value  $y$  (WME), the new standard uncertainty of the reference value  $u_y$  and the chi-squared value  $\chi_{obs}^2$  was calculated again without the values of excluded laboratory. The consistency check was calculated again, too. This procedure was repeated ones till the consistency check has passed.

## 7. The determination of the differences “Lab to CRV” and “Lab to Lab”

When the CRV was determined, the differences between the participating laboratories and the CRV was calculated according to

$$di = x_i - x_{ref} \quad (9)$$

$$dij = x_i - x_j \quad (10)$$

Based on these differences, the Degree of Equivalence ( $DoE$ ) was calculated according to:

$$Ei = \left| \frac{di}{U(di)} \right| \quad (11)$$

and  $Eij = \left| \frac{dij}{U(dij)} \right|$  respectively. (12)

The *DoE* is a measure for the equivalence of the results of any laboratory with the CRV or with any other laboratory, respectively:

The results of a laboratory is equivalent (passed) if  $|Eil|$  or  $|Eijl| \leq 1$ .

- The laboratory was determined as not equivalent (failed) if  $|Eil|$  or  $|Eijl| > 1.2$ .
- For values of *DoE* in the range  $1 < |Eil|$  or  $|Eijl| \leq 1.2$  we define “warning level” were actions to check is recommended to the laboratory.

The calculation of the *DoE* needs the information about the uncertainty of the differences  $di$  and  $dij$  (equations (9) and (10)).

The covariance between the result of a laboratory and the CRV is the variance of the CRV itself.

$$u(di) = \sqrt{u_{xi}^2 - u_{xref}^2} \quad (13)$$

There is no covariance between two independent laboratories so;

$$u(dij) = \sqrt{u_{xi}^2 + u_{xj}^2} \quad (14)$$

The equations (13 and 14) use the standard uncertainties. The expanded uncertainties  $U(di)$  and  $U(dij)$  (see equations (15), (16)) are determined by

$$U(di) = 2.u(di) \quad (15)$$

$$U(dij) = 2.u(dij) \quad (16)$$

Therefore the only case in this comparison is the “independent laboratories with contribution to the CRV”; the covariance between the result of a laboratory (with contribution to the CRV)

and the CRV is the variance of the CRV itself.

$$u(di) = \sqrt{u_{xi}^2 + u_{xref}^2 - 2.u_{xref}^2} = \sqrt{u_{xi}^2 - u_{xref}^2} \quad (17)$$

## 8. Evaluation of the Measurement Results

All data collected from the participating laboratories are summarized in following tables and figures. PTB has results for their two different wind tunnels; PTB-A and PTB-B.

**Table 7.** Relative errors (%) of the participating laboratories-Pitot Tube

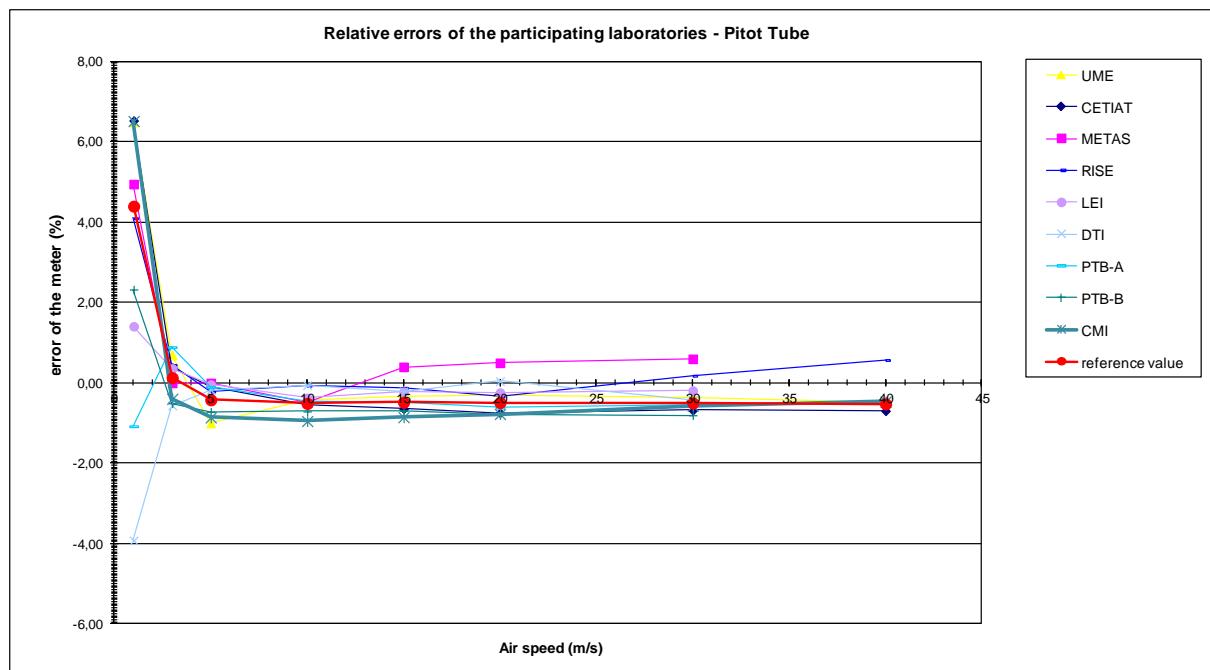
Air speed(m/s)	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
1	6.50	6.53	4.95	4.10	1.41	-3.92	-1.08	2.33	6.52
3	0.69	0.39	0.00	0.45	0.36	-0.56	0.89	-0.51	-0.39
5	-1.00	-0.09	0.00	-0.22	-0.04	-0.17	-0.10	-0.72	-0.86
10	-0.43	-0.54	-0.50	-0.07	-0.37	-0.05	-0.46	-0.71	-0.95
15	-0.33	-0.64	0.40	-0.12	-0.22	-0.21	-0.49	-0.69	-0.85
20	-0.30	-0.74	0.50	-0.34	-0.24	0.04	-0.62	-0.79	-0.77
30	-0.37	-0.68	0.60	0.18	-0.19	-0.42	-0.54	-0.80	-0.57
40	-0.50	-0.69		0.57			-0.47		-0.46

**Table 8.** Expanded uncertainties (%) of measurements reported by participating laboratories-Pitot Tube

Air speed(m/s)	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
1	5.00	1.87	2.97	5.00	1.90	5.02	0.85	4.39	5.15
3	1.46	0.85	2.33	5.00	1.10	1.79	0.55	0.55	0.66
5	0.92	0.73	2.20	3.80	0.81	1.00	0.45	0.51	0.50
10	0.92	0.63	2.09	3.80	0.55	0.51	0.40	0.44	0.50
15	0.92	0.62	2.07	3.80	0.45	0.51	0.40	0.42	0.50
20	0.92	0.61	2.05	3.80	0.45	0.51	0.40	0.41	0.50
30	0.92	0.58	2.03	3.80	0.45	0.52	0.40	0.40	0.50
40	0.92	0.57		3.80			0.40		0.50

**Table 9.** Calculated expanded uncertainties (%) including drift of the Pitot Tube

Air speed(m/s)	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
1	5,76	3,42	4,12	5,76	3,43	5,78	2,98	5,24	5,89
3	1,70	1,21	2,48	5,07	1,40	1,99	1,02	1,02	1,08
5	1,25	1,11	2,35	3,89	1,17	1,31	0,95	0,98	0,98
10	1,03	0,78	2,14	3,83	0,72	0,69	0,61	0,64	0,68
15	1,07	0,82	2,14	3,84	0,70	0,74	0,67	0,68	0,74
20	1,08	0,83	2,13	3,84	0,72	0,76	0,69	0,69	0,75
30	1,03	0,74	2,08	3,83	0,64	0,70	0,61	0,61	0,68
40	1,03	0,74		3,83			0,61		0,68



**Figure 5.** Relative errors (%) of the participating laboratories – Pitot Tube

**Table 10.** Relative errors (%) of the participating laboratories-Ultrasonic Anemometer

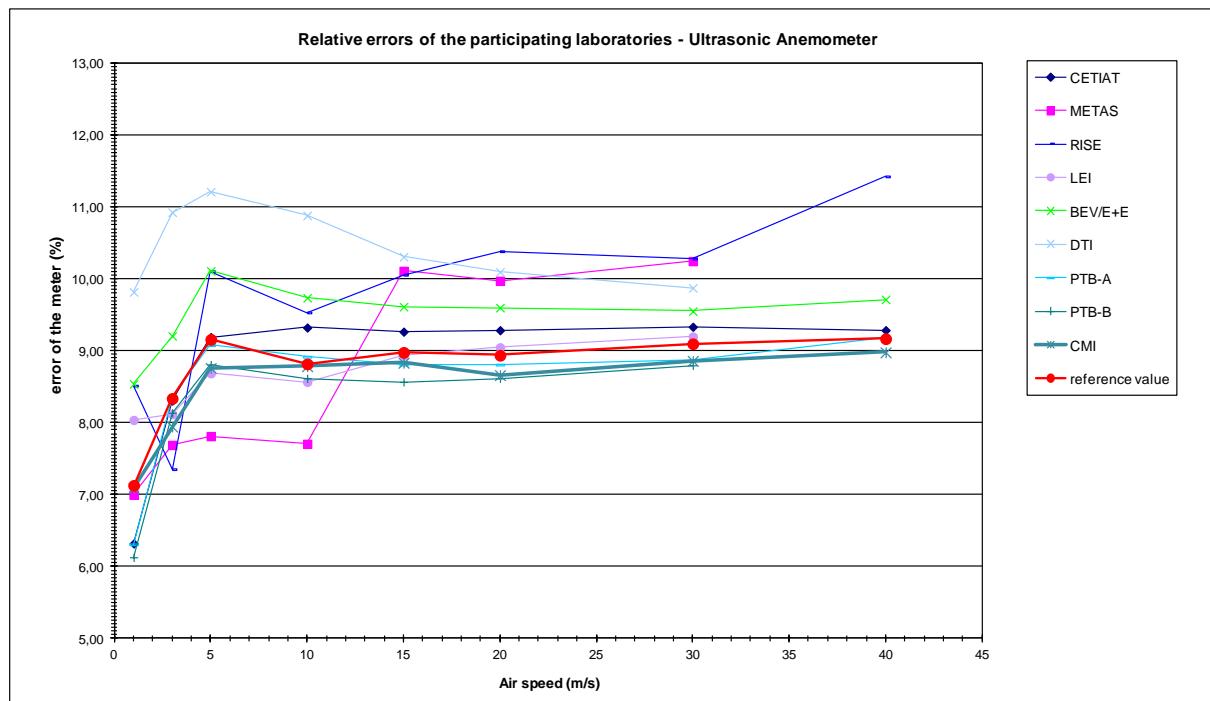
Air speed(m/s)	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
1	6.32	7.00	8.52	8.04	8.54	9.82	6.31	2.33	7.09
3	8.31	7.69	7.36	8.12	9.21	10.93	8.36	-0.51	7.95
5	9.19	7.82	10.11	8.69	10.11	11.21	9.08	-0.72	8.76
10	9.33	7.71	9.54	8.57	9.74	10.88	8.92	-0.71	8.79
15	9.27	10.11	10.06	8.94	9.62	10.31	8.81	-0.69	8.84
20	9.29	9.98	10.39	9.05	9.60	10.10	8.81	-0.79	8.66
30	9.34	10.25	10.28	9.20	9.55	9.88	8.87	-0.80	8.86
40	9.29		11.43		9.72		9.19		8.98

**Table 11.** Expanded uncertainties (%) of measurements reported by participating laboratories-Ultrasonic Anemometer

Air speed(m/s)	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
1	2.64	2.80	7.70	1.90	1.88	5.40	2.36	0.96	1.33
3	1.37	2.38	5.30	1.10	1.49	1.83	0.99	0.56	0.63
5	0.92	2.23	3.90	0.81	1.46	1.34	0.45	0.49	0.50
10	0.77	2.20	3.80	0.55	1.39	0.76	0.40	0.45	0.50
15	0.84	2.15	3.80	0.45	1.40	0.92	0.73	0.43	0.50
20	0.82	2.36	3.80	0.45	1.41	1.25	0.60	0.42	0.50
30	0.83	2.42	3.80	0.45	1.38	0.92	0.92	0.42	0.50
40	0.91		4.10		1.40		0.89		0.51

**Table 12.** Calculated expanded uncertainties (%) including drift of the **Ultrasonic Anemometer**

Air speed(m/s)	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
1	3,11	3,24	7,87	2,51	2,49	5,64	2,87	1,90	2,11
3	1,51	2,46	5,34	1,27	1,62	1,94	1,18	0,85	0,90
5	1,11	2,31	3,95	1,02	1,59	1,48	0,77	0,79	0,80
10	0,82	2,22	3,81	0,62	1,41	0,81	0,49	0,53	0,57
15	0,88	2,17	3,81	0,52	1,42	0,96	0,77	0,50	0,56
20	0,88	2,38	3,82	0,56	1,45	1,30	0,69	0,54	0,60
30	0,91	2,45	3,82	0,58	1,43	0,98	0,99	0,55	0,62
40	0,95		4,11		1,43		0,93		0,58



**Figure 6.** Relative errors (%) of the participating laboratories – Ultrasonic Anemometer

### The degree of Equivalence “Lab to CRV”

The number of independent laboratories is eight based on the laboratory declarations. Only BEV/E+E declared that their laboratory is dependent laboratory.

For each participating laboratory the degree of equivalence was calculated and presented in the following tables for pitot tube and ultrasonic anemometer.

**Table 12.** The degree of equivalence “**Lab to CRV**” for pitot tube measurements.

Air speed (m/s)	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei
1	0,38	0,72	0,15	0,05	1,00	1,51	2,23	0,42	0,38
3	0,34	0,23	0,05	0,06	0,17	0,36	0,84	0,70	0,54
5	0,49	0,32	0,18	0,05	0,35	0,20	0,37	0,33	0,49
10	0,08	0,04	0,01	0,12	0,21	0,72	0,10	0,35	0,71
15	0,15	0,21	0,42	0,09	0,41	0,40	0,01	0,34	0,55
20	0,18	0,33	0,47	0,04	0,38	0,76	0,20	0,47	0,00
30	0,13	0,26	0,53	0,18	0,53	0,13	0,08	0,56	0,11
40	0,02	0,27		0,29			0,10		0,10

**Table 13.** The degree of equivalence “**Lab to CRV**” for ultrasonic anemometer measurements.

Air speed (m/s)	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
1	0,27	0,04	0,18	0,39	0,61	0,48	0,30	0,60	0,02
3	0,02	0,27	0,19	0,18	0,56	1,37	0,02	0,28	0,50
5	0,11	0,55	0,26	0,41	0,67	1,48	0,00	0,38	0,44
10	0,64	0,50	0,19	0,44	0,66	2,66	0,24	0,42	0,06
15	0,34	0,53	0,28	0,09	0,45	1,44	0,23	0,94	0,29
20	0,41	0,44	0,38	0,22	0,46	0,91	0,20	0,67	0,00
30	0,27	0,47	0,31	0,20	0,33	0,83	0,24	0,64	0,44
40	0,14		0,55		0,40		0,02		0,47

The final evaluation of the countries is given in the below tables

**Table 14.** Pitot tube results

Air speed (m/s)	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei
1	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	failed	failed	passed	passed
3	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed
5	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed
10	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed
15	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed
20	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed
30	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed
40	passed	passed		passed			passed		passed

**Table 15.** Ultrasonic anemometer results

Air speed (m/s)	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei	Ei
1	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed
3	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	failed	passed	passed	passed
5	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	failed	passed	passed	passed
10	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	failed	passed	passed	passed
15	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	failed	passed	passed	passed
20	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed
30	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed	passed
40	passed		passed		passed		passed		passed

### The degree of Equivalence “Lab to Lab”

For each participating laboratory the degree of equivalence “lab to lab” was calculated and presented in the following tables for pitot tube and ultrasonic anemometer.

**Table 16.** The degree of equivalence “lab to lab” tables for pitot tube for all air speeds.

Air speed 1 m/s	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>UME</b>									
<b>CETIAT</b>	0,005								
<b>METAS</b>	0,219	0,296							
<b>RISE</b>	0,295	0,363	0,120						
<b>LEI</b>	0,760	1,060	0,661	0,402					
<b>DTI</b>	1,278	1,558	1,250	0,984	0,794				
<b>PTB-A</b>	1,169	1,682	1,186	0,799	0,548	0,437			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,536	0,673	0,394	0,228	0,146	0,801	0,565		
<b>CMI</b>	0,002	0,002	0,218	0,294	0,750	1,266	1,152	0,533	

Air speed 3 m/s	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>UME</b>									
<b>CETIAT</b>	0,147								
<b>METAS</b>	0,230	0,140							
<b>RISE</b>	0,046	0,012	0,079						
<b>LEI</b>	0,151	0,014	0,126	0,016					
<b>DTI</b>	0,480	0,407	0,176	0,185	0,379				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,101	0,321	0,332	0,086	0,308	0,651			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,607	0,566	0,189	0,184	0,503	0,024	0,973		
<b>CMI</b>	0,541	0,482	0,146	0,162	0,428	0,073	0,868	0,076	

Air speed 5 m/s	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>UME</b>									
<b>CETIAT</b>	0,544								
<b>METAS</b>	0,376	0,035							
<b>RISE</b>	0,192	0,030	0,047						
<b>LEI</b>	0,563	0,032	0,015	0,043					
<b>DTI</b>	0,459	0,046	0,064	0,011	0,075				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,574	0,006	0,040	0,028	0,041	0,043			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,179	0,422	0,281	0,125	0,445	0,334	0,451		
<b>CMI</b>	0,090	0,519	0,337	0,160	0,539	0,421	0,556	0,102	

Air speed 10 m/s	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>UME</b>									
<b>CETIAT</b>	0,086								
<b>METAS</b>	0,028	0,019							
<b>RISE</b>	0,091	0,121	0,098						
<b>LEI</b>	0,048	0,162	0,057	0,078					
<b>DTI</b>	0,306	0,471	0,198	0,004	0,321				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,024	0,084	0,018	0,101	0,095	0,444			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,233	0,170	0,095	0,166	0,358	0,707	0,289		
<b>CMI</b>	0,423	0,397	0,201	0,227	0,591	0,934	1,152	0,259	

Air speed 15 m/s	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>UME</b>									
<b>CETIAT</b>	0,235								
<b>METAS</b>	0,304	0,455							
<b>RISE</b>	0,052	0,133	0,118						
<b>LEI</b>	0,084	0,393	0,276	0,026					
<b>DTI</b>	0,092	0,395	0,269	0,022	0,012				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,129	0,146	0,397	0,095	0,279	0,284			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,289	0,046	0,487	0,147	0,485	0,484	0,214		
<b>CMI</b>	0,407	0,190	0,554	0,187	0,625	0,622	0,367	0,160	

Air speed 20 m/s	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>UME</b>									
<b>CETIAT</b>	0,326								
<b>METAS</b>	0,336	0,545							
<b>RISE</b>	0,009	0,103	0,191						
<b>LEI</b>	0,046	0,458	0,330	0,025					
<b>DTI</b>	0,260	0,698	0,203	0,097	0,271				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,247	0,118	0,500	0,071	0,377	0,642			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,380	0,040	0,576	0,115	0,547	0,806	0,175		
<b>CMI</b>	0,361	0,027	0,565	0,111	0,513	0,764	0,155	0,013	

Air speed 30 m/s	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>UME</b>									
<b>CETIAT</b>	0,245								
<b>METAS</b>	0,418	0,580							
<b>RISE</b>	0,139	0,221	0,096						
<b>LEI</b>	0,149	0,503	0,363	0,095					
<b>DTI</b>	0,038	0,260	0,464	0,154	0,242				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,145	0,144	0,528	0,187	0,402	0,137			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,365	0,131	0,648	0,254	0,700	0,422	0,306		
<b>CMI</b>	0,160	0,114	0,534	0,192	0,406	0,155	0,026	0,263	

Air speed 40 m/s	UME	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>UME</b>									
<b>CETIAT</b>	0,153								
<b>METAS</b>									
<b>RISE</b>	0,270	0,325							
<b>LEI</b>									
<b>DTI</b>									
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,024	0,233		0,269					
<b>PTB-B</b>									
<b>CMI</b>	0,029	0,230		0,266			0,008		

**Table 17.** The degree of equivalence “lab to lab” tables for ultrasonic anemometer for all air speeds

Air speed 1 m/s	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>CETIAT</b>									
<b>METAS</b>	0,151								
<b>RISE</b>	0,259	0,178							
<b>LEI</b>	0,429	0,253	0,058						
<b>BEV/E+E</b>	0,556	0,376	0,003	0,142					
<b>DTI</b>	0,543	0,433	0,135	0,288	0,207				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,003	0,159	0,263	0,453	0,586	0,554			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,053	0,231	0,295	0,605	0,768	0,619	0,052		
<b>CMI</b>	0,205	0,024	0,174	0,288	0,442	0,452	0,220	0,338	

Air speed 3 m/s	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>CETIAT</b>									
<b>METAS</b>	0,214								
<b>RISE</b>	0,172	0,057							
<b>LEI</b>	0,096	0,146	0,139						
<b>BEV/E+E</b>	0,406	0,514	0,332	0,529					
<b>DTI</b>	1,066	1,033	0,629	1,213	0,682				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,027	0,245	0,184	0,139	0,424	1,134			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,098	0,172	0,145	0,013	0,585	1,319	0,152		
<b>CMI</b>	0,206	0,097	0,109	0,111	0,682	1,397	0,280	0,157	

Air speed 5 m/s	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>CETIAT</b>									
<b>METAS</b>	0,535								
<b>RISE</b>	0,223	0,501							
<b>LEI</b>	0,331	0,345	0,348						
<b>BEV/E+E</b>	0,474	0,818	0,001	0,752					
<b>DTI</b>	1,088	1,235	0,262	1,400	0,506				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,083	0,518	0,255	0,303	0,585	1,276			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,278	0,406	0,322	0,092	0,733	1,428	0,243		
<b>CMI</b>	0,312	0,386	0,334	0,056	0,758	1,453	0,284	0,041	

Air speed 10 m/s	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>CETIAT</b>									
<b>METAS</b>	0,683								
<b>RISE</b>	0,054	0,414							
<b>LEI</b>	0,731	0,374	0,414						
<b>BEV/E+E</b>	0,252	2,430	0,374	0,756					
<b>DTI</b>	1,344	1,344	1,344	2,259	0,701				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,422	0,533	0,533	0,442	0,546	2,063			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,717	0,400	0,400	0,061	0,739	2,324	0,413		
<b>CMI</b>	0,534	0,471	0,471	0,257	0,622	2,100	0,220	0,214	

Air speed 15 m/s	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>CETIAT</b>									
<b>METAS</b>	0,362								
<b>RISE</b>	0,203	0,012							
<b>LEI</b>	0,322	0,527	0,291						
<b>BEV/E+</b>	0,208	0,192	0,110	0,446					
<b>DTI</b>	0,804	0,083	0,064	1,260	0,406				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,392	0,567	0,322	0,139	0,497	1,219			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,691	0,694	0,388	0,512	0,692	1,612	0,260		
<b>CMI</b>	0,415	0,571	0,318	0,137	0,509	1,330	0,027	0,352	

Air speed 20 m/s	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>CETIAT</b>									
<b>METAS</b>	0,270								
<b>RISE</b>	0,281	0,092							
<b>LEI</b>	0,226	0,377	0,347						
<b>BEV/E+</b>	0,184	0,134	0,192	0,353					
<b>DTI</b>	0,515	0,046	0,071	0,739	0,256				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,424	0,469	0,407	0,267	0,491	0,874			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,641	0,554	0,458	0,544	0,632	1,048	0,215		
<b>CMI</b>	0,581	0,533	0,446	0,464	0,596	1,000	0,159	0,052	

Air speed 30 m/s	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>CETIAT</b>									
<b>METAS</b>	0,351								
<b>RISE</b>	0,242	0,008							
<b>LEI</b>	0,127	0,418	0,281						
<b>BEV/E+</b>	0,129	0,246	0,179	0,231					
<b>DTI</b>	0,406	0,141	0,103	0,596	0,187				
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,348	0,523	0,359	0,290	0,395	0,724			
<b>PTB-B</b>	0,507	0,578	0,385	0,505	0,494	0,958	0,062		
<b>CMI</b>	0,434	0,550	0,368	0,404	0,446	0,877	0,007	0,076	

Air speed 40 m/s	CETIAT	METAS	RISE	LEI	BEV/E+E	DTI	PTB-A	PTB-B	CMI
	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij	Eij
<b>CETIAT</b>									
<b>METAS</b>									
<b>RISE</b>	0,507								
<b>LEI</b>									
<b>BEV/E+E</b>	0,249		0,393						
<b>DTI</b>									
<b>PTB-A</b>	0,074		0,531		0,309				
<b>PTB-B</b>									
<b>CMI</b>	0,275		0,589		0,477		0,190		

## 9. Conclusions

The EURAMET comparison F 1515 - Intercomparison of air speed in the range of 1 m/s – 40 m/s has been successfully completed. It was carried out with two transfer standards; pitot tube and ultrasonic anemometer. Nine countries took part in the comparison.

The results of measurements were evaluated by standard methods following the works of Cox. The performance of the transfer standards and their stability in time was evaluated by TUBITAK UME and CETIAT.

All the laboratories participated in the comparison are independent laboratories.

BEV/E+E has withdrawn the measurement results of pitot tube due to shift in zero adjustment and TUBITAK UME has withdrawn the results of ultrasonic anemometer due to shift in calibration value of transfer standard.

PTB participated with two wind tunnels in the comparison as PTB-A and PTB-B which the details of the wind tunnels are given in the appendix A.

All labs measured up to 30 m/s but only five laboratories measured 40 m/s air speed.

The consistency of the results in the sense of chi-square test was satisfactory. 3 % of the “lab to CRV” (CRV = comparison reference value) equivalence degrees values were out of the satisfactory range (larger than one) for pitot comparison and 6 % for the ultrasonic anemometer comparison results.

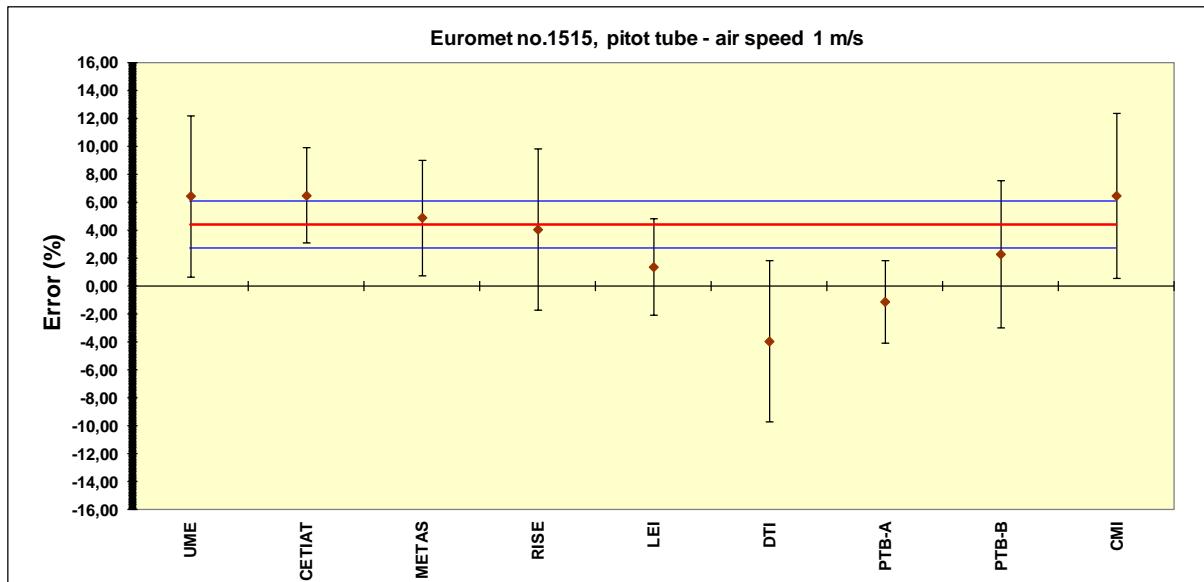
## **References**

- [1] Measurement Comparisons in the CIPM MRA, January 2021.
- [2] CCM Guidelines for approval and publication of the final reports of key and supplementary comparisons, 24 February 2022.
- [3] Cox, M. G., The Evaluation of Key Comparison Data, Metrologia 39, 589-595, 2002
- [4] Cox, M.G., The evaluation of key comparison data: determining the largest consistent subset, Metrologia 44, 187-200, 2007
- [5] Müller H., Care I.,Final Report on CCM.FF-K3.2011 CIPM Key Comparison of Air Speed 0,5 m/s to 40 m/s, BIPM KCDB Database, March 2017
- [6] Pachinger D.,Euramet Final Report on the Project No.1225 Intercomparison of very low air speed standard facilities (0,05-1m/s), October 2016

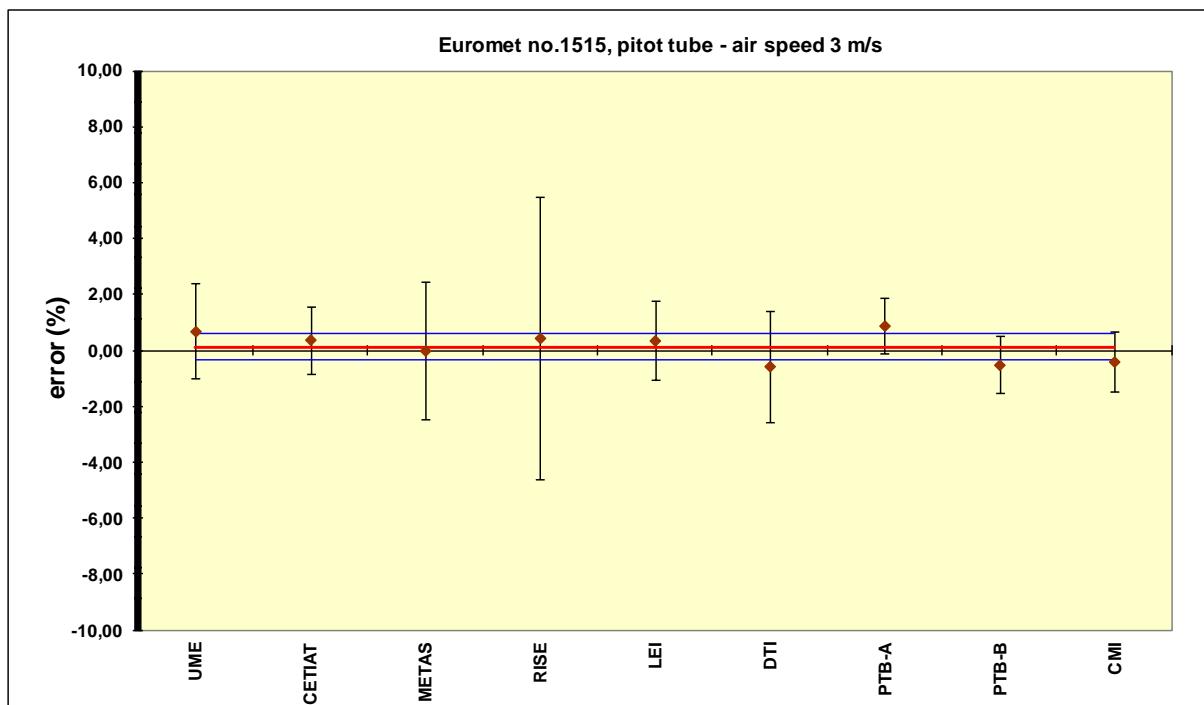
## Appendix A– Laboratory information

Participant	Tunnel Type	Range	Uncertainty	Reference
TÜBİTAK UME	Open type	(0,5-40) m/s	For $(0,5 \leq v < 1,0)$ m/s % 1,86 For $(1,0 \leq v < 3,0)$ m/s % 1,44 For $(3,0 \leq v < 40,0)$ m/s % 0,63	LDA
CETIAT	Göttingen type	(0.15 – 40) m/s	0,008 m/s + 0,0051.V	LDA
METAS	Göttingen type	(0.1 - 40 ) m/s	0.015 m/s, $v \leq 0.5$ m/s 0.020 m/s, $v = (0.5-1)$ m/s 2 %, $v > 1$ m/s	Tow tank and Pitot
RISE	Own production	(0,3 – 37) m/s	For 0,3-0,6 m/s ±0,03m/s For 0,6-4,0 m/s ±4,9% For 4,0-37 m/s ±3,7%	Prandtl (4-37 m/s) and a low speed rig (0,1-4,0 m/s) transmitted with a hot wire anemometer
LEI	Göttingen type	(0,05 – 60) m/s	For: $(0.05 - 0.15)$ m/s [(0,23 / v) + 3,4] % For: $> 0.15$ m/s to 1 m/s [(0,52 / v) + 1,4] % For: $> 1$ m/s to 60 m/s [(1,51 / v) + 0,41] %	LDV
BEV/E+E	Göttingen type	(0.3 – 40) m/s	(0.004 m/s + 0.0047 *v)	LDA
DTI	Open type, Closed measurement section 50x50 cm	(0,3 – 30) m/s	0-10 m/s: 0,05 m/s 10-30 m/s: $v \times 0,005$ m/s	LDA
PTB - A	Göttingen type WKR008 Nozzle diameter: 32 cm Open test section Test section length: approx. 45 cm	(1-60) m/s	reference uncertainty: 0.14 % Measurement uncertainty: 0,005 m/s + 0,0035 *U ( $U$ = wind speed in m/s)	LDA
PTB - B	Göttingen type WKCCW Nozzle cross section: 50 cm x 50 cm Open test section Test section length: 75 cm	(1-28) m/s	reference uncertainty: 0.18 % Measurement uncertainty: 0,005 m/s + 0,0035 *U ( $U$ = wind speed in m/s)	LDA
CMI	Göttingen type	(0.3 - 50) m/s	for (0.3 - 5) m/s 0.01 m/s + 0.3% of measured value; for [5 - 50] m/s 0.5 % of measured value	LDA

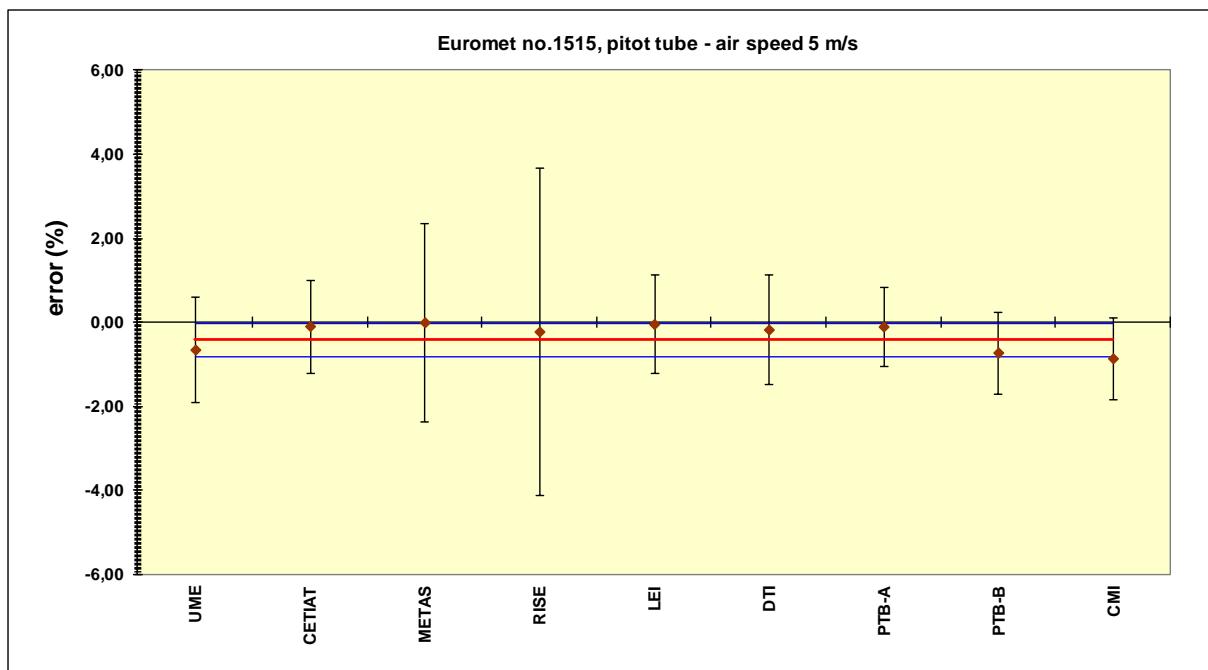
## Appendix B – Graphical representation of errors E and uncertainties U for Pitot Tube



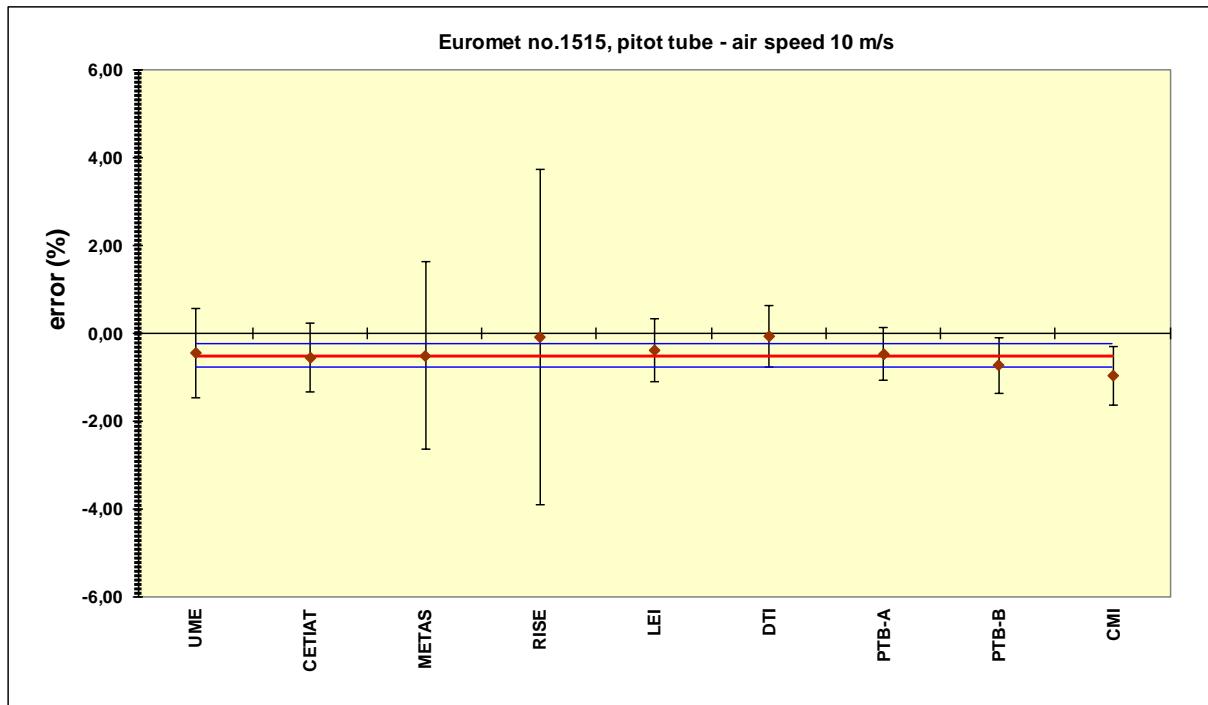
$X_{ref} =$	4,40
$U_{xref} =$	1,68



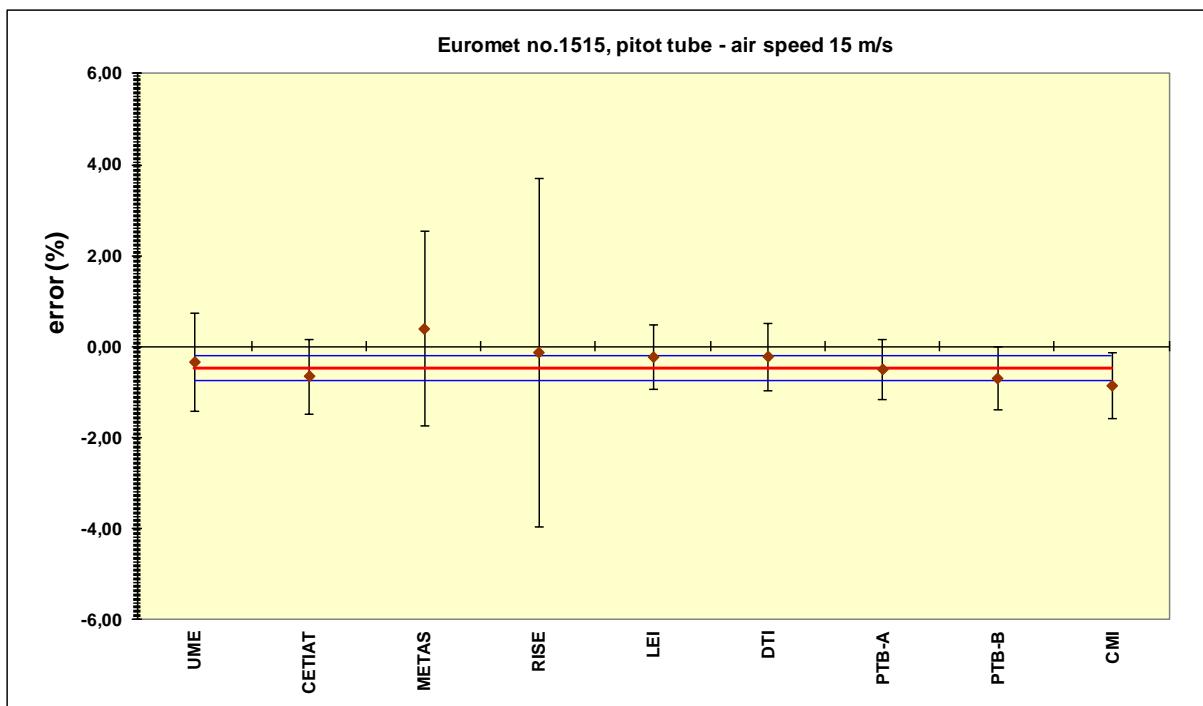
$X_{ref} =$	0,13
$U_{xref} =$	0,46



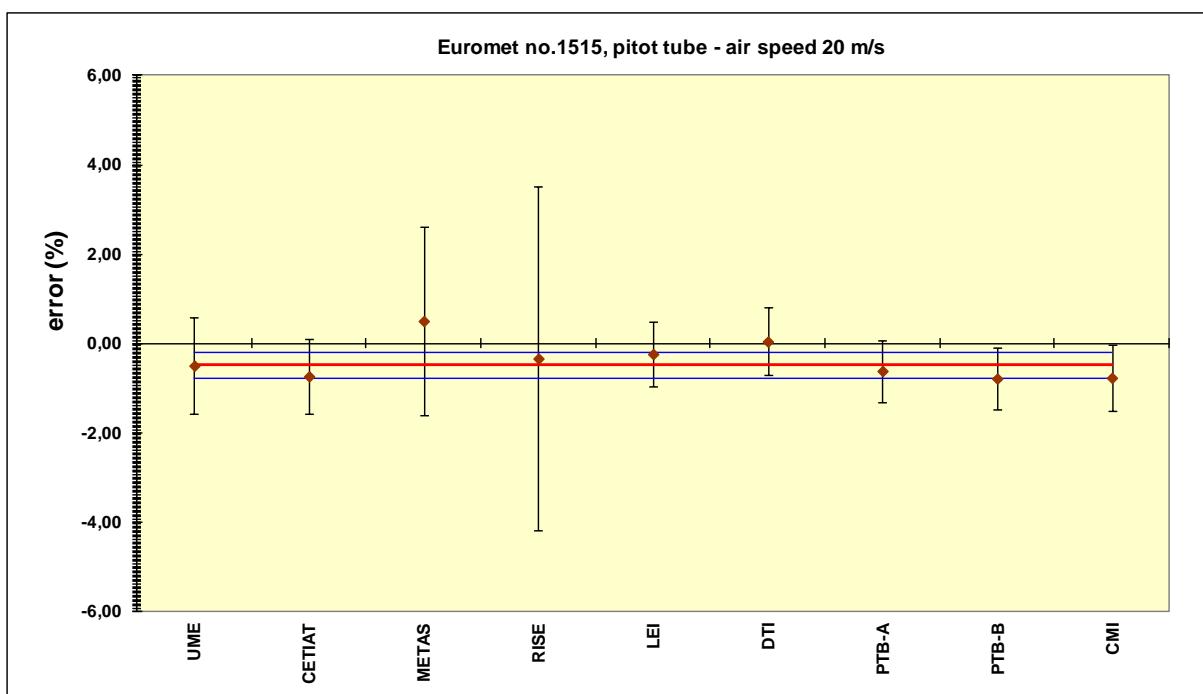
$X_{ref} =$	-0,42
$U_{xref} =$	0,40



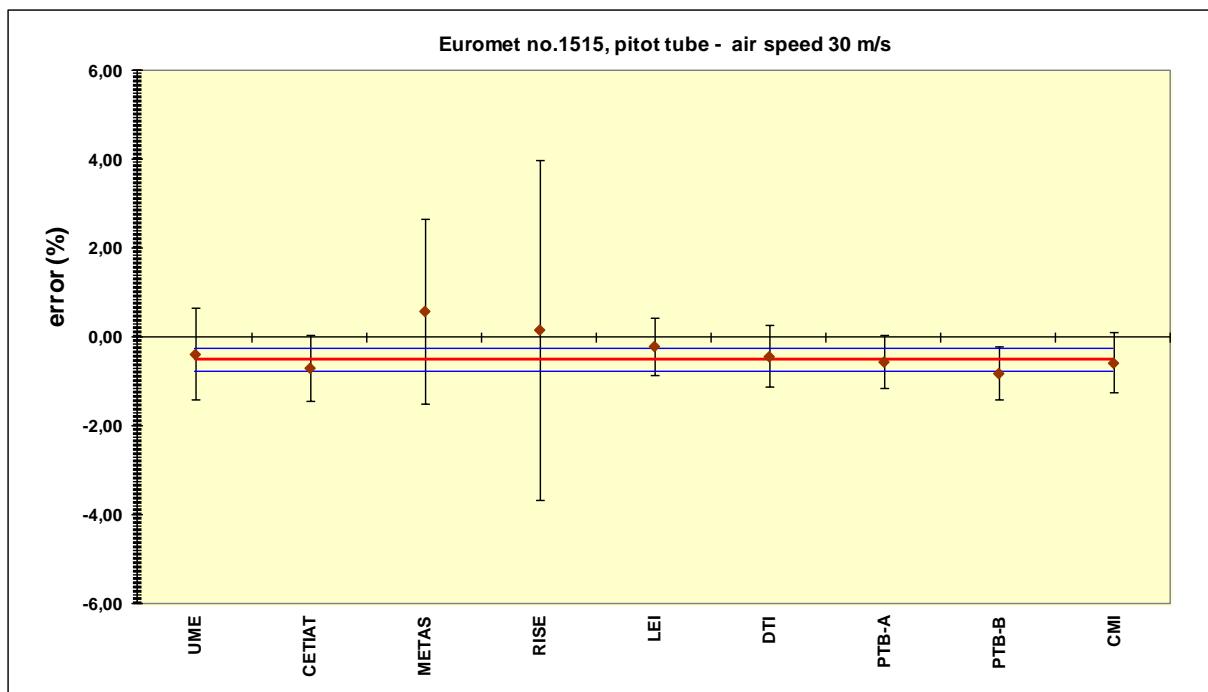
$X_{ref} =$	-0,51
$U_{xref} =$	0,26



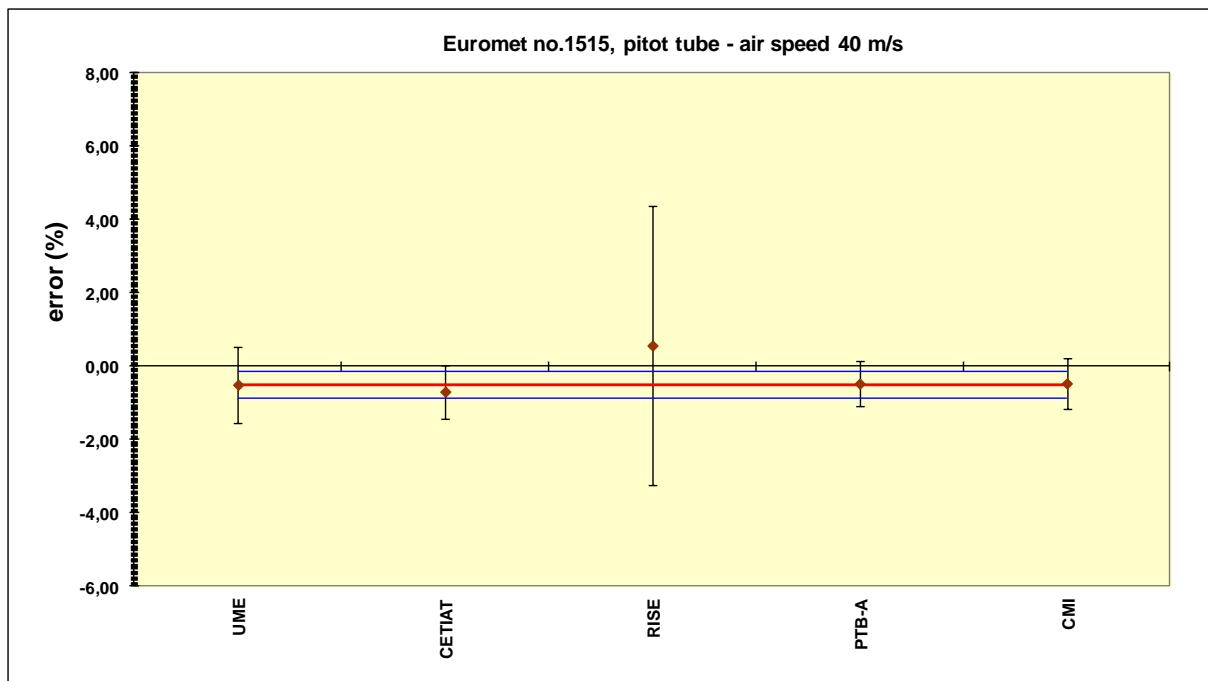
$X_{\text{ref}} =$	-0,48
$u_{x_{\text{ref}}} =$	0,28



$X_{\text{ref}} =$	-0,49
$u_{x_{\text{ref}}} =$	0,29

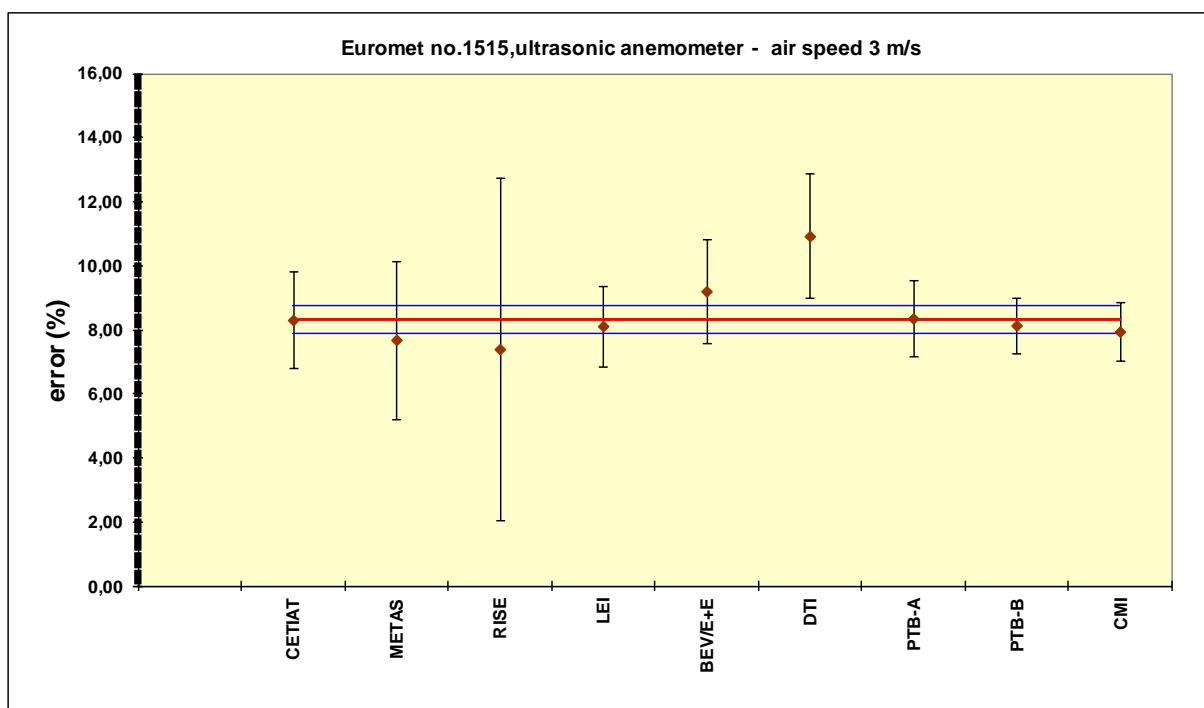
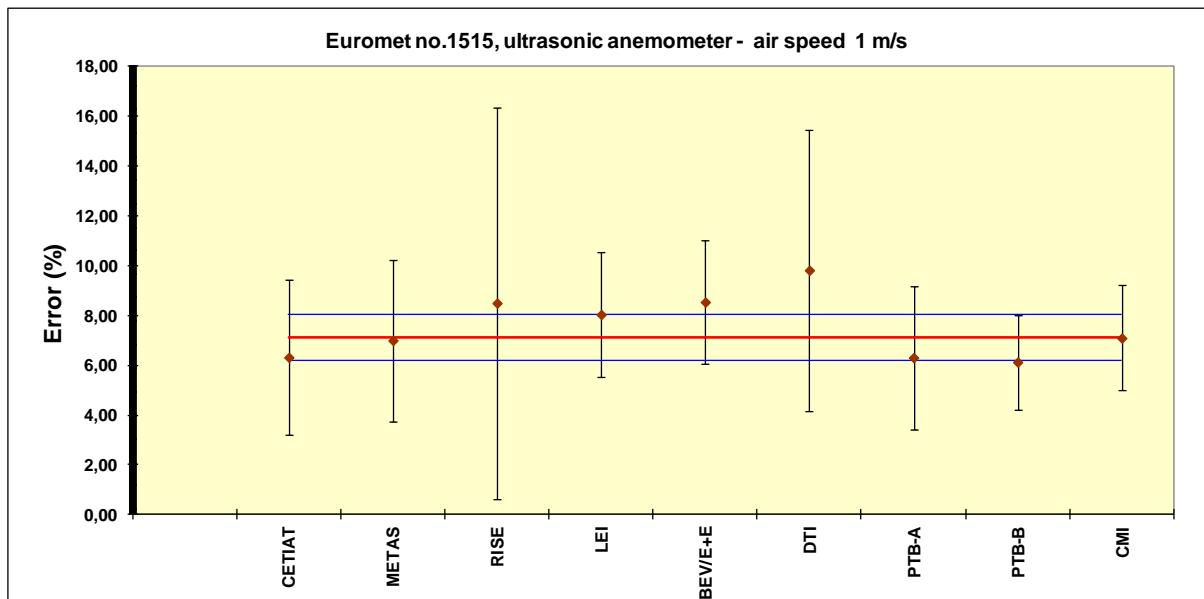


$X_{\text{ref}} =$	-0,50
$U_{X_{\text{ref}}} =$	0,26

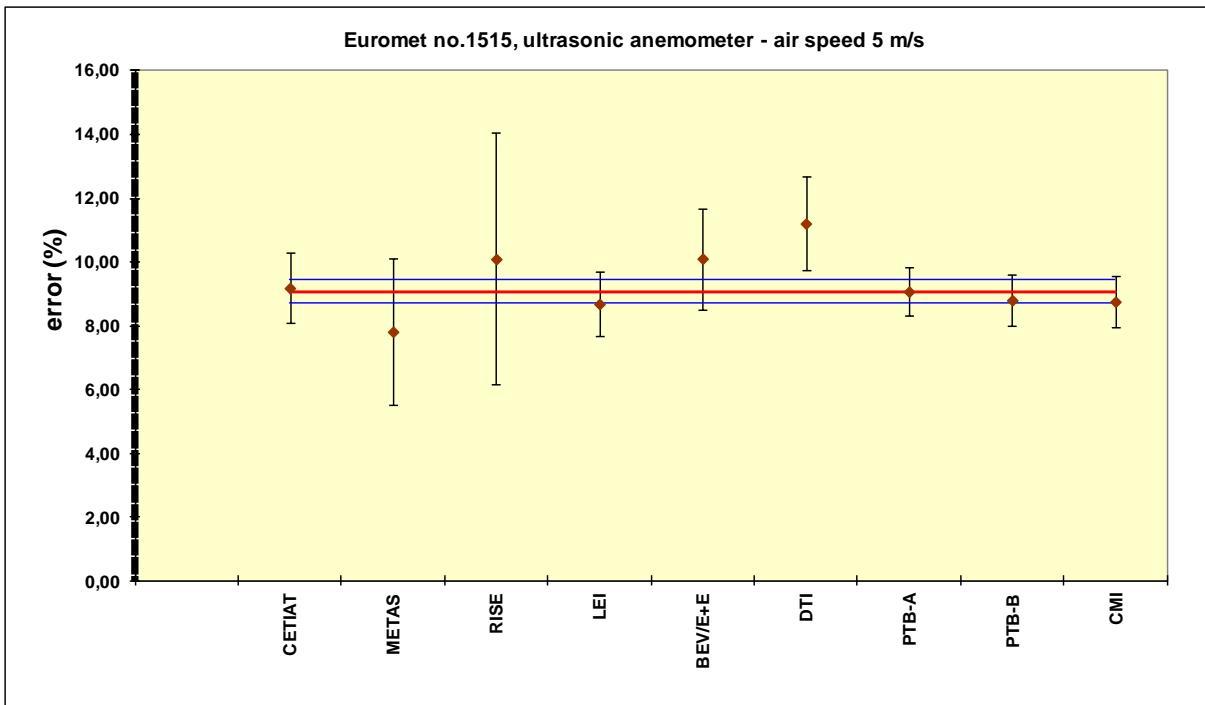


$X_{\text{ref}} =$	-0,52
$U_{X_{\text{ref}}} =$	0,36

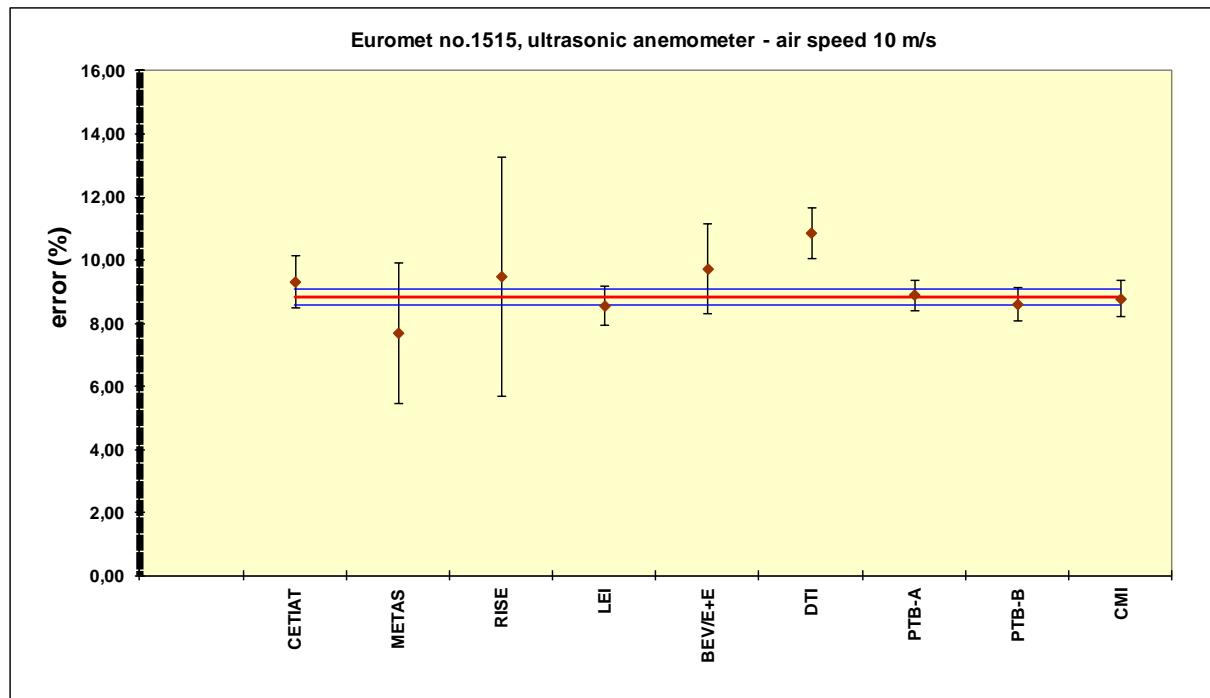
## Appendix C – Graphical representation of errors E and uncertainties U for Ultrasonic Anemometer Results



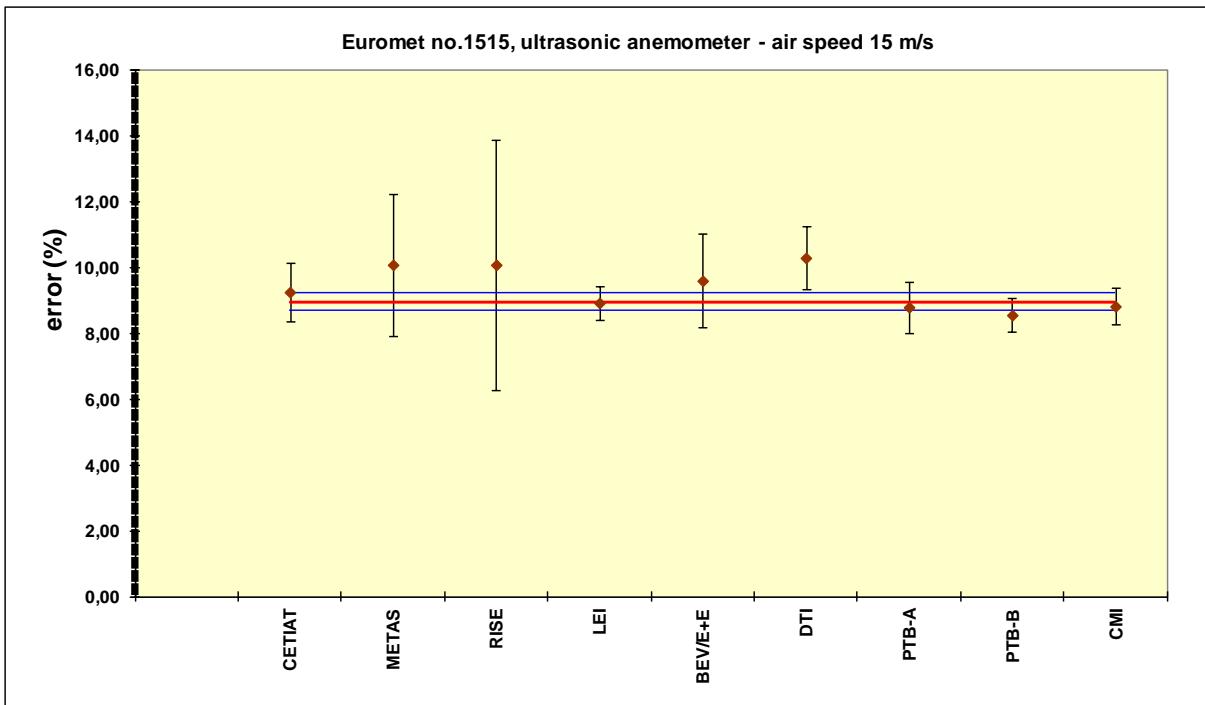
$X_{\text{ref}} =$	8,34
$U_{X_{\text{ref}}} =$	0,44



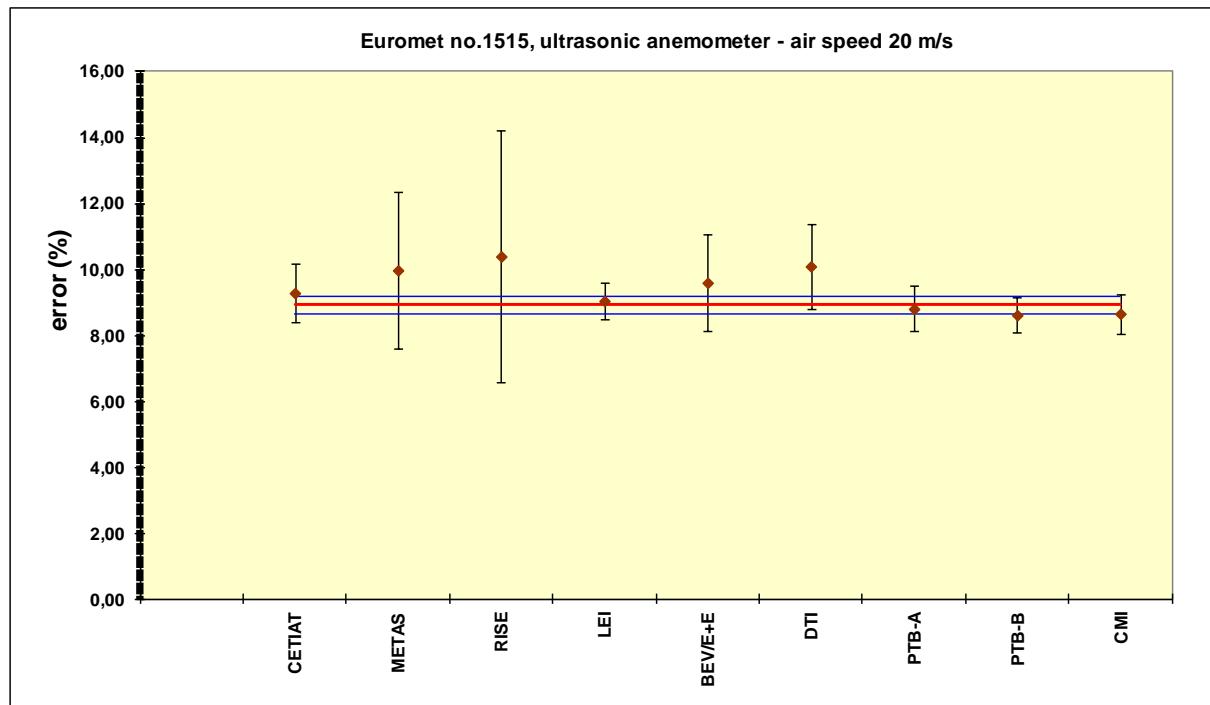
$X_{\text{ref}} =$	9,08
$U_{X_{\text{ref}}} =$	0,36



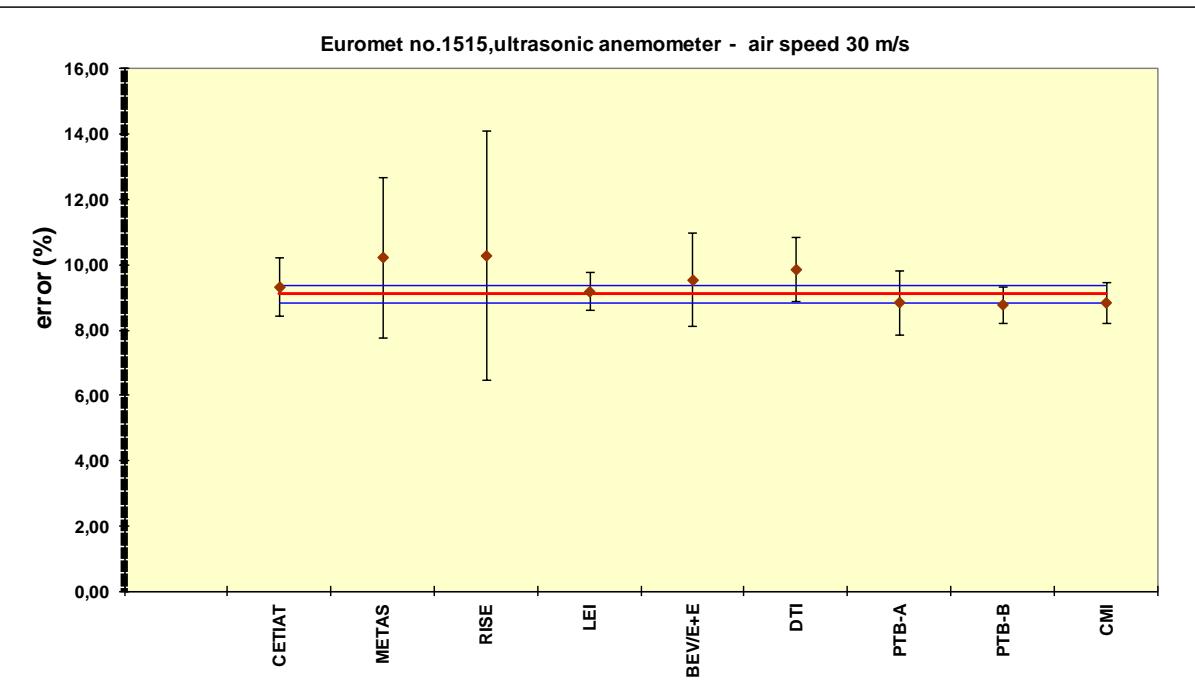
$X_{\text{ref}} =$	8,82
$U_{X_{\text{ref}}} =$	0,25



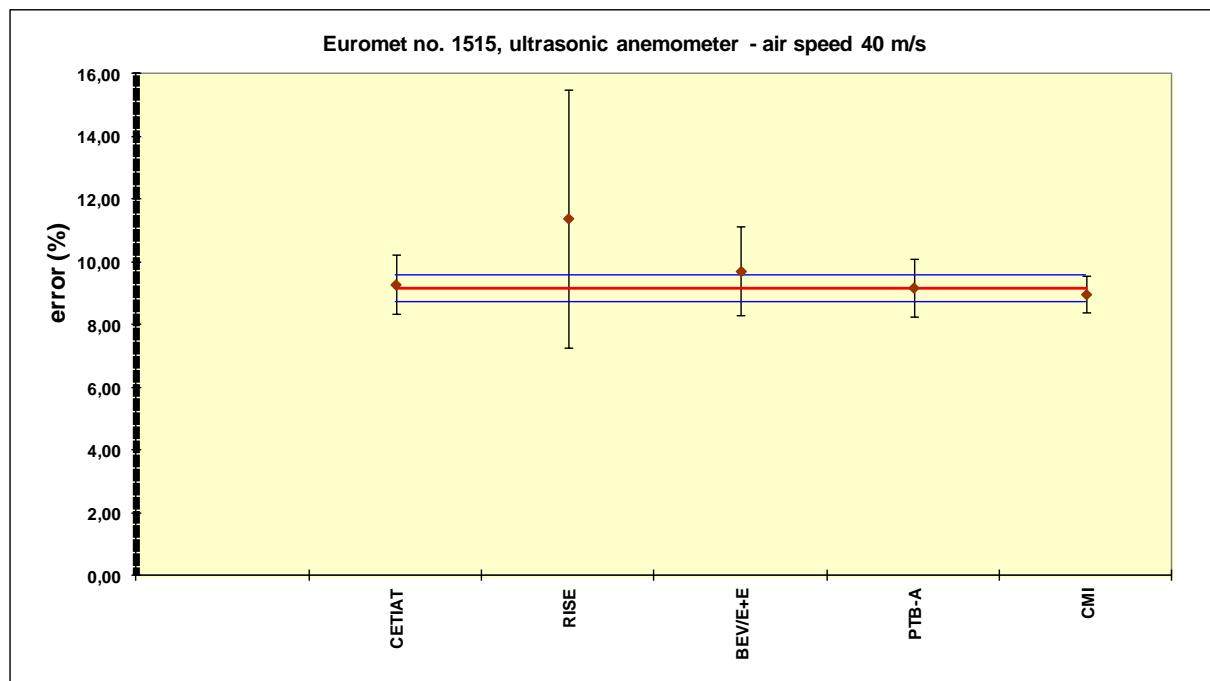
$X_{\text{ref}} =$	8,98
$u_{x_{\text{ref}}} =$	0,25



$X_{\text{ref}} =$	8,94
$u_{x_{\text{ref}}} =$	0,27



X <sub>ref</sub> =	9,10
U <sub>xref</sub> =	0,28



X <sub>ref</sub> =	9,17
U <sub>xref</sub> =	0,42