



Technical Highlights Future Challenges from TC Flow

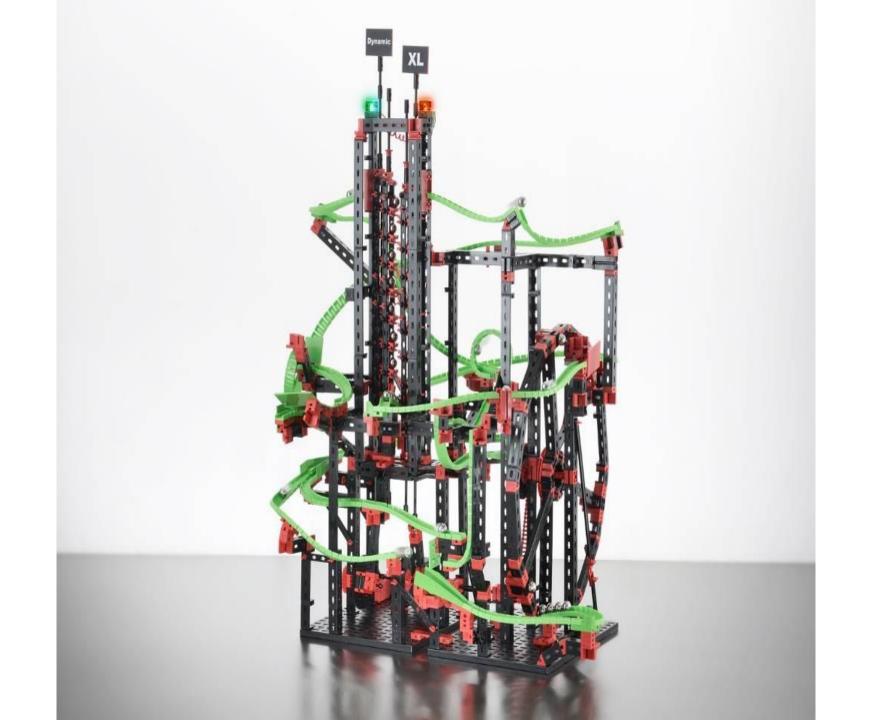
TC - Chair Petra Milota and incoming Chair Isabelle Care

Boras, Sweden, 23 May 2019











Multiphase flow metrology -MultiFlowMet II



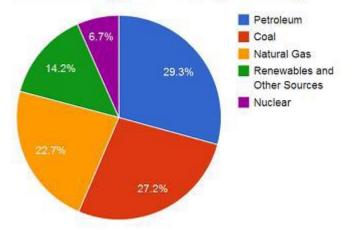
Context

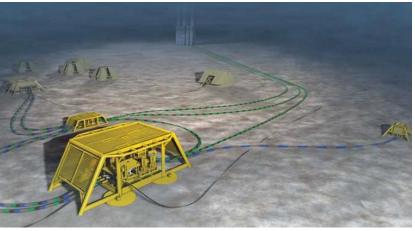
 Over half of the world's energy needs are met by oil & gas, much of which is produced as multiphase fluid containing oil, water and gas

• Issue

- Multiphase flowmeters exhibit high uncertainty (c. 20%) under field conditions, costing industry €billions in exposure and inefficiencies
- Inconsistencies between reference laboratories erode confidence in multiphase technology and are a barrier to innovation
- Solution
 - to enable reduction in uncertainties of MPFMs by establishing a multiphase flow metrology reference network

World Energy Mix 2035 (EIA Data)





Multiphase flow metrology -Multiphase MultiFlowMet II



- Development of a new standard
 - ISO/TR 21354: Measurement of multiphase fluid flow
 - Flow regime maps
 - Applications

Flow

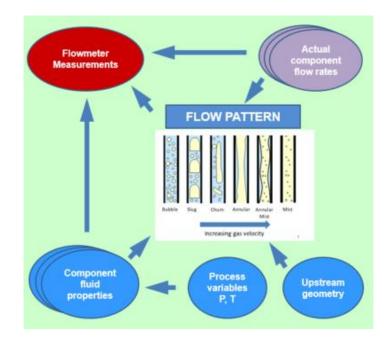
Metrology

Lunhundang.

 Performance specification of meters

of

- Overview technology
- metering
- Testing & calibration
- In-situ verification
- To be published by Q4 2019
- Harmonization network
 - Establishing a formal network of harmonized laboratories to give confidence to end-users regarding test results and meter performance



MEDD Metrology for drug delivery -MeDD II

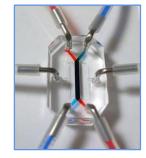


- ✓ by the development of new calibration methods
- ✓ by expanding the existing metrological infrastructure

The effects of fast transient flows on dosing response
 The physical properties of liquid mixtures used in infusion
 The occlusion phenomena in multi-infusion systems



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Consortium L DISC एनम्ह्यू जेवे के कि HOCHSCHULE Bronkhorst* Microsystems and ÜBECK DANISH TECHNOLOGICAL versity of Applied Sciences Flow Technology 15 Partners: 9 NMIs/Dis, 4 Universities, 2 manufacturers **O** METAS METROLOGY DNV.GL 30 potential collaborators Schickard

MeDD II





Development of metrology infrastructure for ultra-low flow rates (Objective 1)

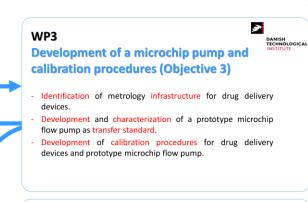
- Upgrade the existing flow facilities or develop new techniques for measurement of even lower flow rates down to 5nL/min for steady and fast changing flow rates.
- Create robust and realistic uncertainty budgets. Target uncertainties are 1 % (k=2) for steady flow rates and 2 % (k=2) for fast changing flow rates.
- Validated primary standards are needed for the characterization of flow devices and flow sources.

WP2

C METAS

In-line measurement of physical and thermodynamic properties (Objective 2)

- Upgrade the existing flow facilities for in-line measurement of viscosity for Newtonian liquids.
- Characterization of flow devices for in-line measurements of physical and thermodynamic properties. These properties are needed to determine the proportion of components of a mixture of liquids.



WP4





EURAMET

 Develop multi-infusion setups to investigate mixing and drug concentration at the point of entry in the patient.

- Extension and validation of the predictive model for multiinfusions.
- Best Practice Guide on how to build an optimized multiinfusion set-up to ensure the most effective dosing of a combination of drugs and fluids.

WP5 (Objective 5)

Early Impact



- Understanding of the behaviour of multiinfusion systems and sensibilization of their handling to prevent dosing errors.
- New traceable calibration methods for flow rates as low as 5 nL/min will be developed.
- New calibration procedures of drug delivery devices and knowledge transfer to standards committees.

Wider Impact

- New traceable calibration services for drug delivery devices, multi-parameter sensors and organ-on-a-chip technology to underline the reliability of their products.
- Knowledge transfer of best practices for infusion technology to prevent possible dosing errors and increase patient safety.



IPO, Dissemination

- International conferences
- Peer-reviewed publications
- Workshops
- Training Course
- Best practice Guide on multi-infusion setups
- EURAMET Guide on calibration of drug delivery devices

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15SIP03-Infusion Uptake

- To develop an E-learning module
 - To create awareness and understanding of multi infusion risks
- To incorporate the best metrology practices relating to calibration of infusion devices in ISO standards







15SIP03-Infusion Uptake

- E-learning module on ESICM (European Society for Intensive Care Medicine (<u>https://academy.esicm.org/cour</u> <u>se/view.php?id=210)</u>
- E-learning

E-learning

Upgrading Standards

<u>See www.drugmetrology.com</u>

Contact

EURAMET

News and publications FAQ's

Q

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At this time, not all users of infusion devices are aware of the errors that can be made when using multiple drug infusions through one injection point. Increased awareness and understanding will diminish preventable errors. By developing the e-learning and dedicated training sessions, we aim to make clinical and technical users aware of the risks, best practices in infusion technology and the relevance of metrology to help them to ootimise patient care.

Understanding the underlying principles

MEDD

Home

Program JRP

A better understanding of the importance of the metrology, the relevant physics and the infusion devices themselves will help in reducing the risks related to human interaction (e.g. dosing errors). For example, a care giver will not increase the dosing rate too quickly because he/she will understand that it will take time for the complete set-up to reach the new set point.

Upgrading e-learning, training sessions and interactive workshops

The European Society of Intensive Care Medicine (ESICM) will upgrade the e-learning and develop the training program. The e-learning will be upgraded with interactive components and animations, transforming it from a presentation to a true e-learning system.

The available knowledge will be widely disseminated among European hospitals using ESICM's Educational Resources platform. UMC Utrecht will develop dedicated training sessions that will be delivered to clinical and technical users of infusion technology using the upgraded e-learning tool. At the end of the project, ESCIM aims to continue to host the e-learning course on their e-learning platform.

Start the E-learning

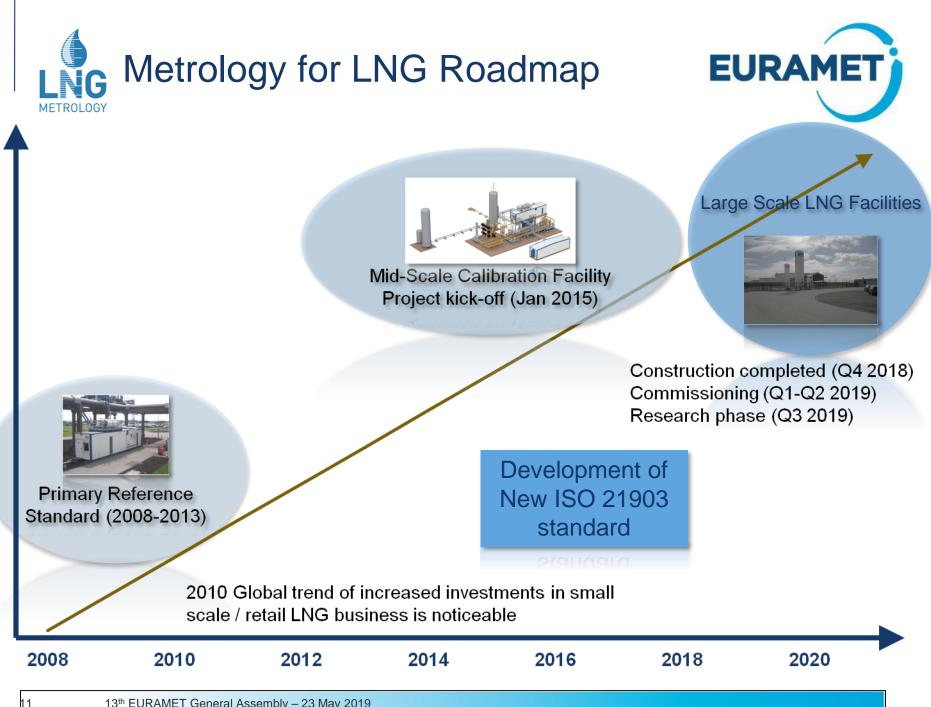
As soon as the upgraded e-learning is available, we will place a link here. Meanwhile, you can make free use of the current E-learning tool.

15SIP03-Infusion Uptake



- Best metrology practices
 - Good practices guide for infusion pumps
 - Free download on www.drugmetrology.com
 - Input of best metrology practices relating to calibration of infusion devices in ISO and IEC standards
 - ISO 7886-2 Syringes for use with power driven syringe pumps
 - IEC 60601-2-24. Medical electrical equipment Particular requirements of infusion pumps.
 - ISO TF 24971 Medical devices. Guidance on the application of ISO 14971
 - ISO 8655-9 Manually operated precision laboratory syringes









Flow metering requirements for Hydrogen Refuelling Stations (HRS)

TODAY

significant plan increase of HRS for businesses & public transportation



Industry or public service car/truck fleets, city buses, trains







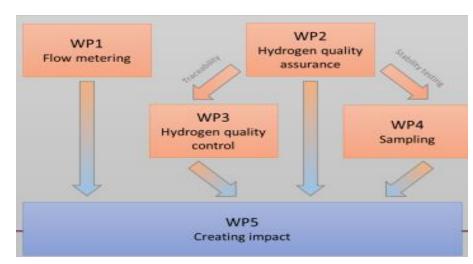
= Direct contracts (often flat rate for vehicle refuelling)

EURAMET involved in <u>H2 flow metering</u> + gas quality & properties (JRP MetroHyve, SRT 'MetroHyve2')
→ First primary standards for H2 flow metering begin to appear

Metrology for Metrology for Hydrogen Vehicles Vehicles



- Task 1.1: Assessing the uncertainty sources for hydrogen metering
- Task 1.2: Investigate alternative methods for type approval testing using substitute substances to hydrogen
- Task 1.3: Investigation on the high-pressure dependence of Coriolis mass flow meters
- Task 1.4: Development of a gravimetric method to calibrate and verify HRS flow meters at 875 bar
- Task 1.5: Uncertainty budget for the type approval testing, the periodic verification and gravimetric facility



Metrology for HYDROGENVEHICLES Metrology for Hydrogen Vehicles

Flow meters in the refuelling station must be accurate to 1,5 % (OIML R 139-1)



Refuelling stations cannot cost their customers with required accuracies

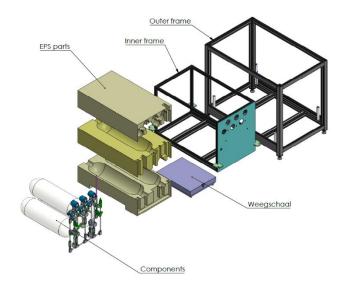
Hydrogen supplied can vary up to 875 bar in pressure and between - 40° C to ambient temperature during refuelling

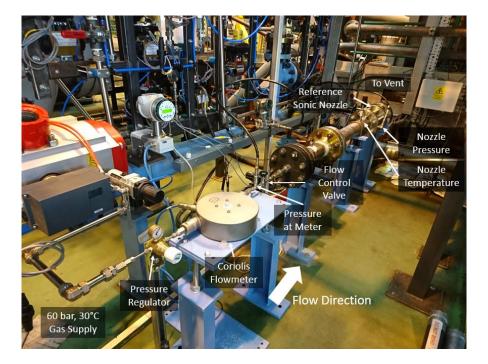


Metrology for HYDROGENVEHICLES Metrology for Hydrogen Vehicles



Task 1.2: Testing flow meters with substitute gases to hydrogen

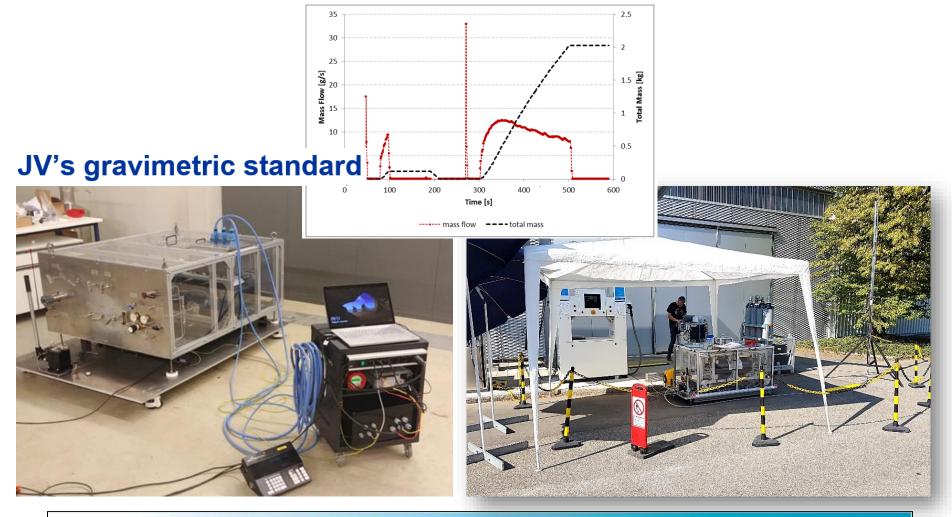




Metrology for HYDROGENVEHICLES Metrology for Hydrogen Vehicles



Task 1.4: Development of 4 field standards based on gravimetric method



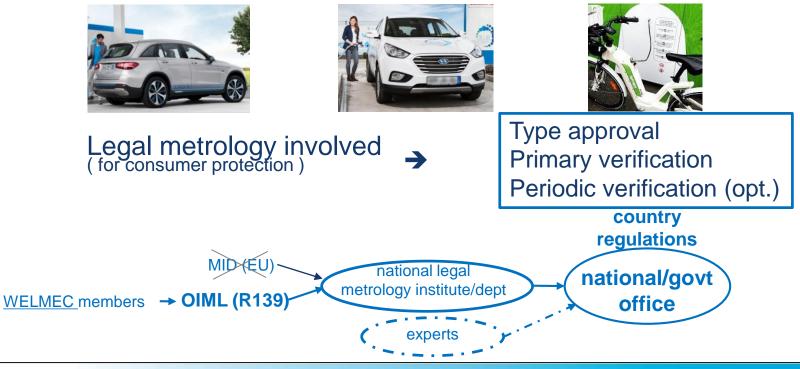




From now aiming to open HRS to private individuals



Woman/Man in the street





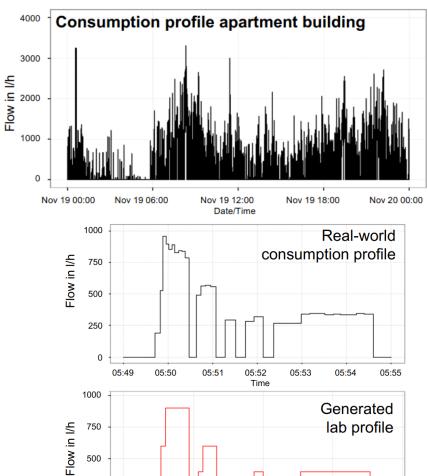


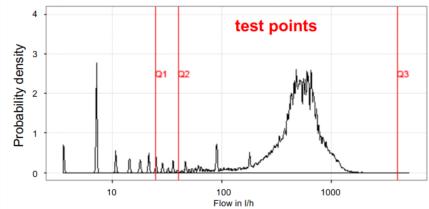
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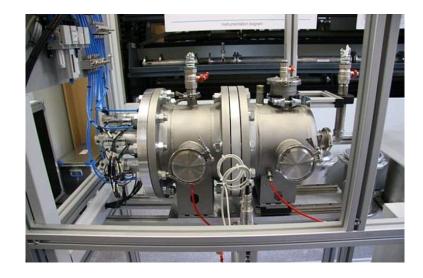
- Regulations in EU countries are not defined, or preliminary ones appear too demanding

 Technical and possibly financial issues for industry
- Implementation of Primary and Secondary standards (on site devices) are just coming into service, while complex and costly

Metrology for Real World Domestic EURAMET Water Metering Water Metering







Measuring time in s

Guides from/ in cooperation with TC-F



Guideline on the Calibration of Solid Anemometers

Part 1: Pitot Static Tubes

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Guidelines on the Calibration of Solid Anemometers

EURAMET Calibration Guide No. 24 Version 1.0 (02/2019)



Guidelines on the Determination of Uncertainty in Gravimetric Volume Calibration EURAMET Calibration Guide No. 19 Version 3.0 (09/2018)





EURAME1

EURAMET Gui

on Comparison

EURAMET Guide No. 4

Version 1.1 (12/2016)



The Vision of TC Flow

TC Flow Strategy	20	019	Vision
Health	on	Drug delivery – traceability, modelling, standardisation & regulations	
Environment	and Innovation	Carbon Capture & Storage – metrology infrastructure, standards & regulations	
		Emissions, pollution & waste monitoring – traceability, regulations & compliance	nerate and it
Energy		Hydrogen – vehicles, gas grids, domestic metering, development of metrology	generate ny and nent
	ologi	LNG – development of metrology infrastructure, standards	rer rds
	Technologies	Biogases & renewable energy sources – metrology infrastructure & standards	ttegies to gene he economy al measurement standards
Industry	pin T	Hydrogen – vehicles, gas grids, domestic metering, development of metrology LNG – development of metrology infrastructure, standards Biogases & renewable energy sources – metrology infrastructure & standards Digitalization & diagnostics – development of protocols & guidance Multiphase flows, high T & P, high viscosities – underpinning R&D & traceability	J strategies for the eco flow measu and standa
	Underpin	Multiphase flows, high T & P, high viscosities – underpinning R&D & traceability	ы В В В В В В В В В В В В В В В В В В В
	that U		nt with El um value ety, from expertise
Normative	logy t	Domestic water metering – standards & regulations Dipopulations Regulations & standardisation development – scrutiny group & gap analysis Dipopulations	ignment wi maximum v society, expe
Networks	Metro	Medical devices – support for standards & regulations	Alignment with maximum val society, fro experti
	Flow Metrology	Energy gases – metrology centre point & stakeholder engagement	
Fundamental		Molecule counting – step change in traceability chain & uncertainty reduction	F



