



Technical Highlights Future Challenges from TC Flow

TC - Chair Petra Milota and incoming
Chair Isabelle Care

Boras, Sweden, 23 May 2019



Flow

A yellow and black Pelikan Textmarker 490. The marker has a yellow body with a black grip section in the middle. The brand name 'Pelikan' and a swan logo are printed on the yellow part, along with the model name 'Textmarker 490'.

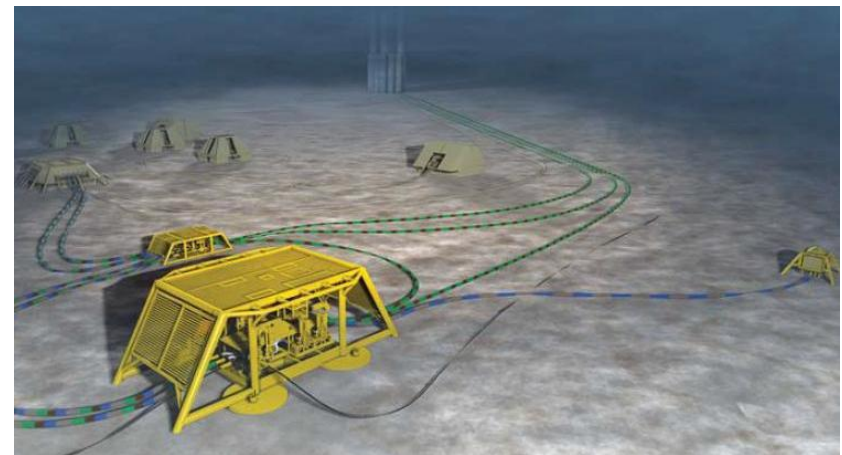
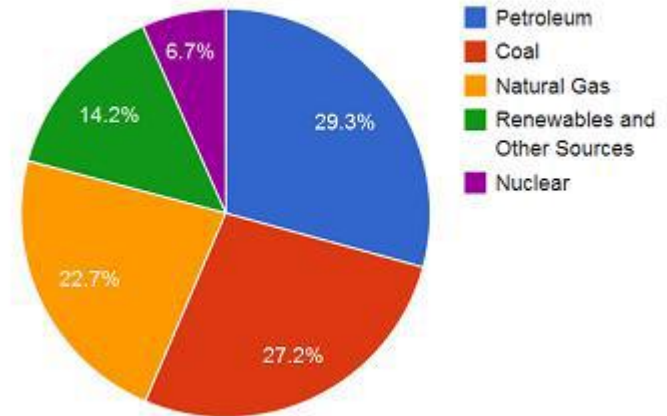
Pelikan 

Textmarker 490

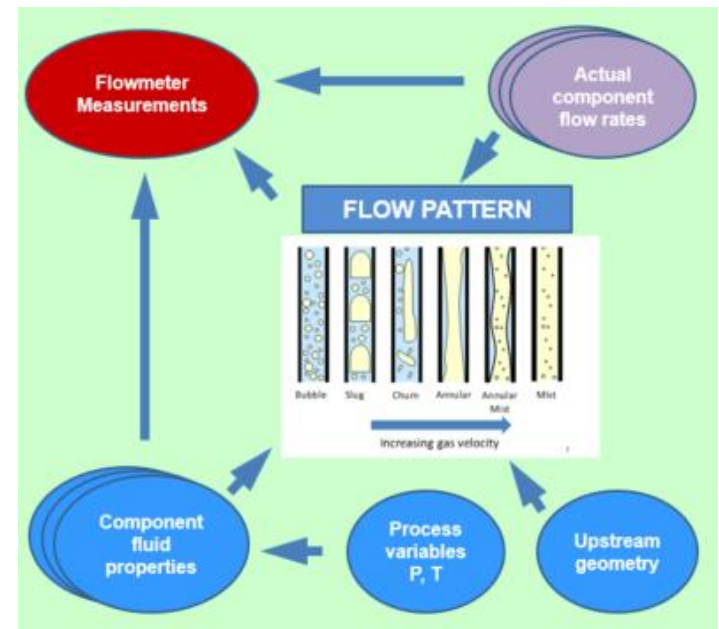


- Context
 - Over half of the world's energy needs are met by oil & gas, much of which is produced as multiphase fluid containing oil, water and gas
- Issue
 - Multiphase flowmeters exhibit high uncertainty (c. 20%) under field conditions, costing industry €billions in exposure and inefficiencies
 - Inconsistencies between reference laboratories erode confidence in multiphase technology and are a barrier to innovation
- Solution
 - to enable reduction in uncertainties of MPFMs by establishing a multiphase flow metrology reference network

World Energy Mix 2035 (EIA Data)



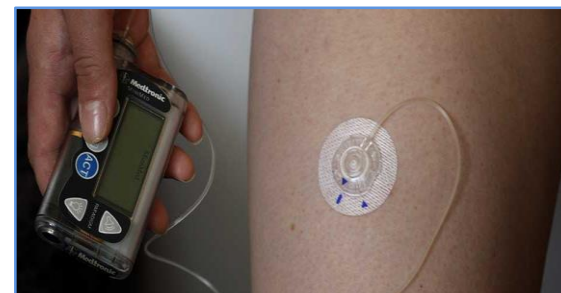
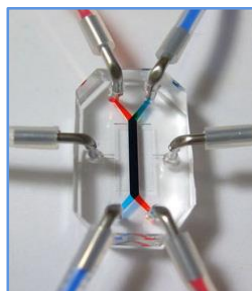
- Development of a new standard
 - ISO/TR 21354: Measurement of multiphase fluid flow
 - Flow regime maps
 - Applications
 - Performance specification of meters
 - Overview of metering technology
 - Testing & calibration
 - In-situ verification
 - To be published by Q4 2019
- Harmonization network
 - Establishing a formal network of harmonized laboratories to give confidence to end-users regarding test results and meter performance



MeDD Metrology for drug delivery - MeDD II



- ✓ by the development of **new calibration methods**
 - ✓ by **expanding the existing metrological infrastructure**
- the effects of **fast transient flows** on dosing response
 - the **physical properties** of liquid mixtures used in infusion
 - the **occlusion phenomena** in multi-infusion systems



Consortium

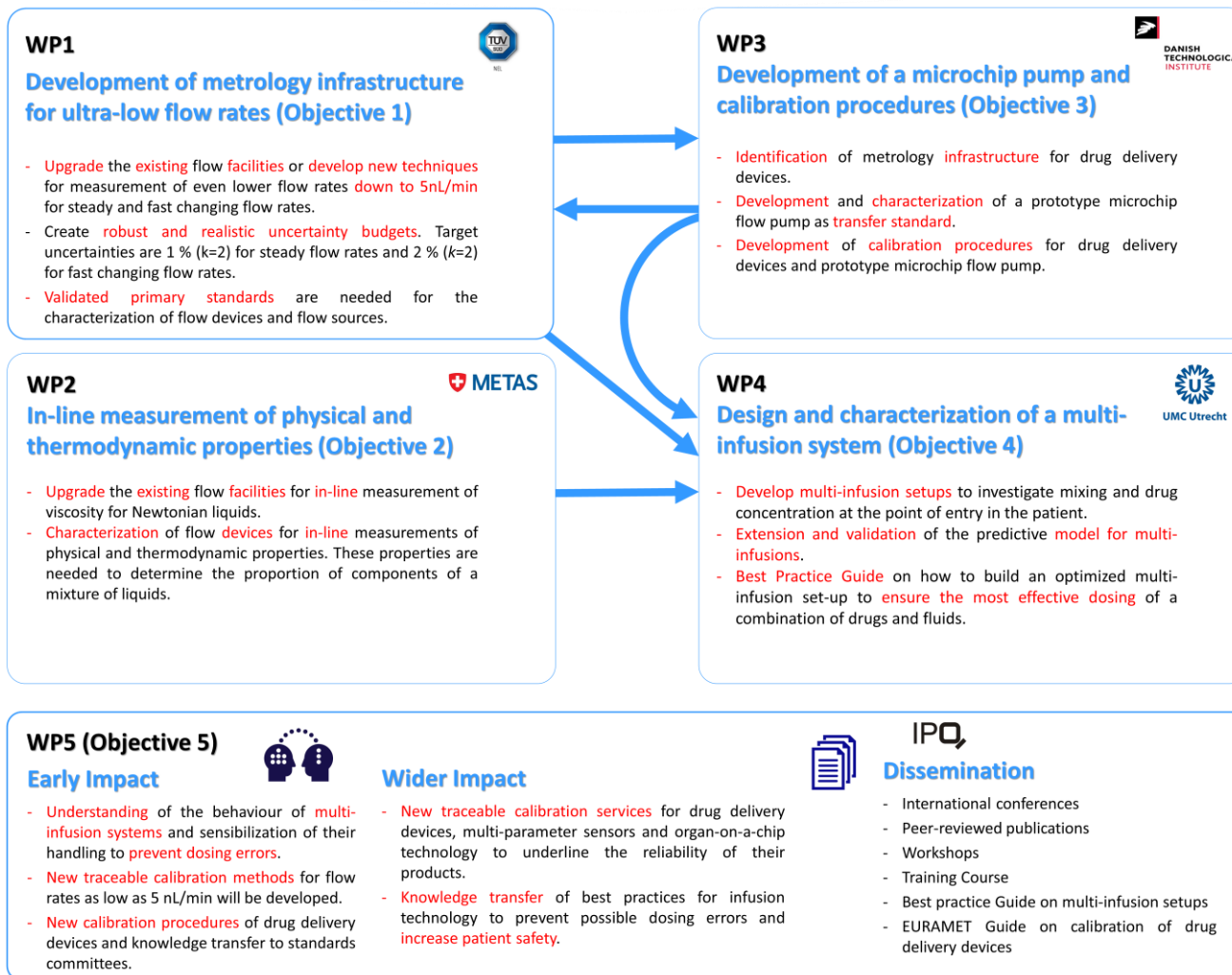
- 15 Partners: 9 NMIs/Dis, 4 Universities, 2 manufacturers
- 30 potential collaborators



DANISH
TECHNOLOGICAL
INSTITUTE



WP6 Management & Coordination IPQ



15SIP03-Infusion Uptake

- To develop an E-learning module
 - To create awareness and understanding of multi infusion risks
- To incorporate the best metrology practices relating to calibration of infusion devices in ISO standards

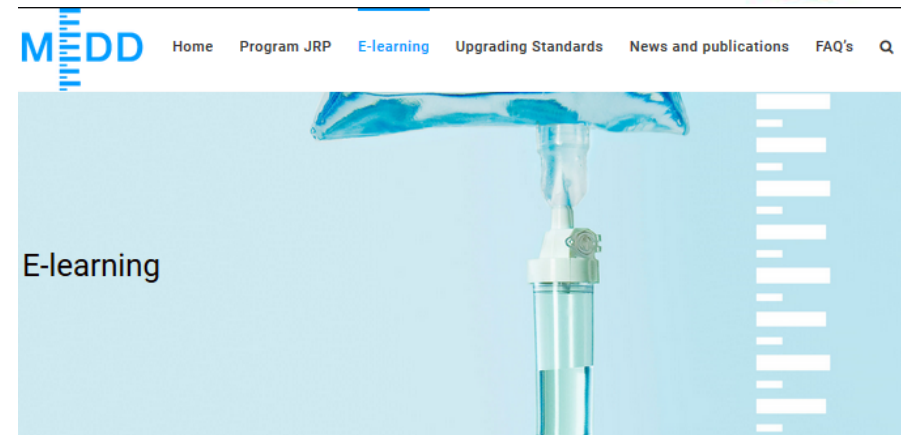


15SIP03-Infusion Uptake



- **E-learning module** on ESICM (European Society for Intensive Care Medicine) (<https://academy.esicm.org/course/view.php?id=210>)

- See www.drugmetrology.com



Contact

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At this time, not all users of infusion devices are aware of the errors that can be made when using multiple drug infusions through one injection point. Increased awareness and understanding will diminish preventable errors. By developing the e-learning and dedicated training sessions, we aim to make clinical and technical users aware of the risks, best practices in infusion technology and the relevance of metrology to help them to optimise patient care.

Understanding the underlying principles

A better understanding of the importance of the metrology, the relevant physics and the infusion devices themselves will help in reducing the risks related to human interaction (e.g. dosing errors). For example, a care giver will not increase the dosing rate too quickly because he/she will understand that it will take time for the complete set-up to reach the new set point.

Upgrading e-learning, training sessions and interactive workshops

The European Society of Intensive Care Medicine (ESICM) will upgrade the e-learning and develop the training program. The e-learning will be upgraded with interactive components and animations, transforming it from a presentation to a true e-learning system.

The available knowledge will be widely disseminated among European hospitals using ESICM's [Educational Resources platform](#). UMC Utrecht will develop dedicated training sessions that will be delivered to clinical and technical users of infusion technology using the upgraded e-learning tool. At the end of the project, ESICM aims to continue to host the e-learning training course on their e-learning platform.

Start the E-learning

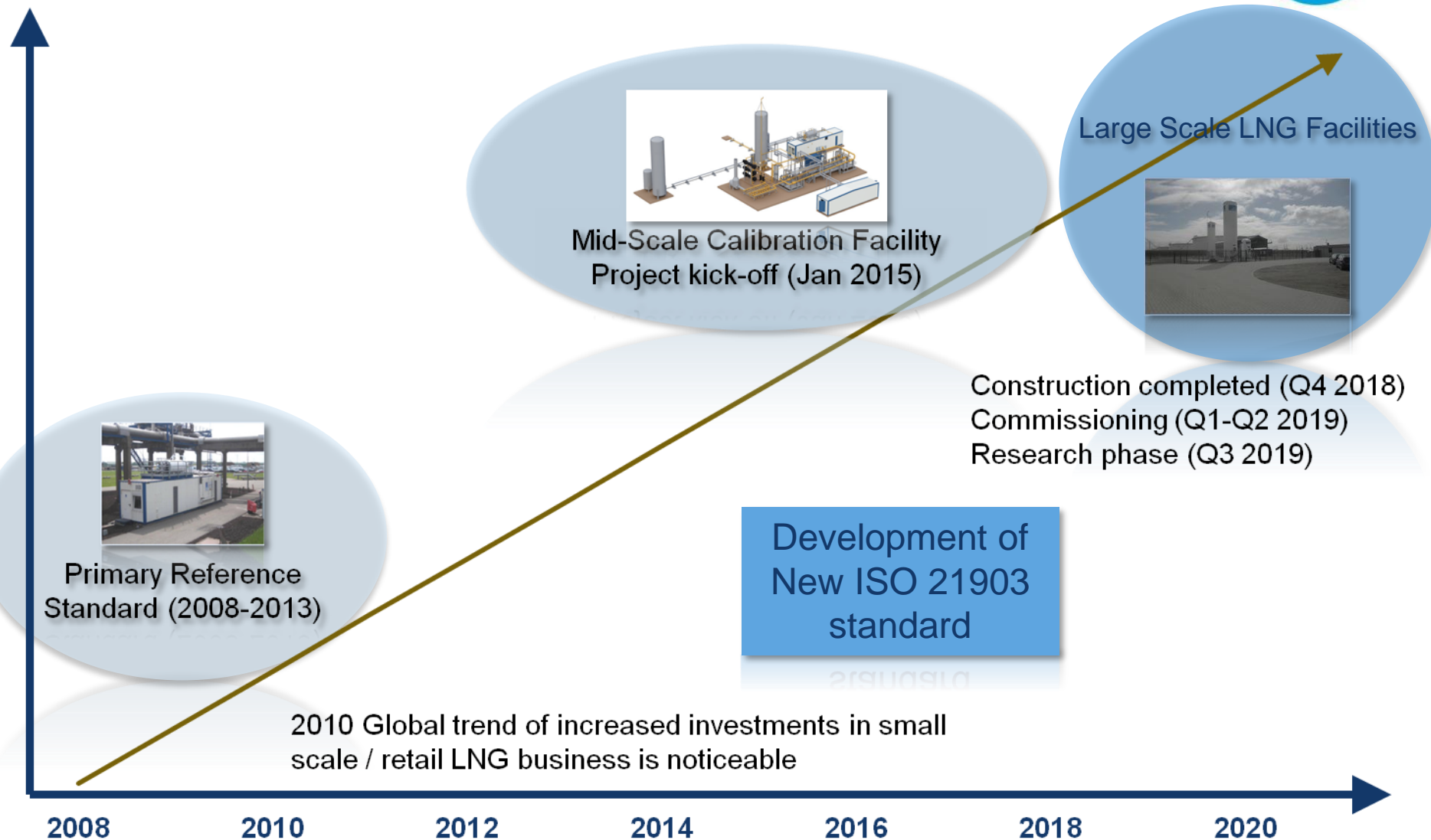
As soon as the upgraded e-learning is available, we will place a link here. Meanwhile, you can make free use of the current [E-learning tool](#).

15SIP03-Infusion Uptake



- Best metrology practices
 - Good practices guide for infusion pumps
 - Free download on www.drugmetrology.com
 - Input of best metrology practices relating to calibration of infusion devices in ISO and IEC standards
 - ISO 7886-2 - Syringes for use with power driven syringe pumps
 - IEC 60601-2-24. Medical electrical equipment - Particular requirements of infusion pumps.
 - ISO TF 24971 – Medical devices. Guidance on the application of ISO 14971
 - ISO 8655-9 – Manually operated precision laboratory syringes





Flow metering requirements for Hydrogen Refuelling Stations (HRS)

TODAY

significant plan increase of HRS for businesses & public transportation



Industry or public service car/truck fleets, city buses, trains



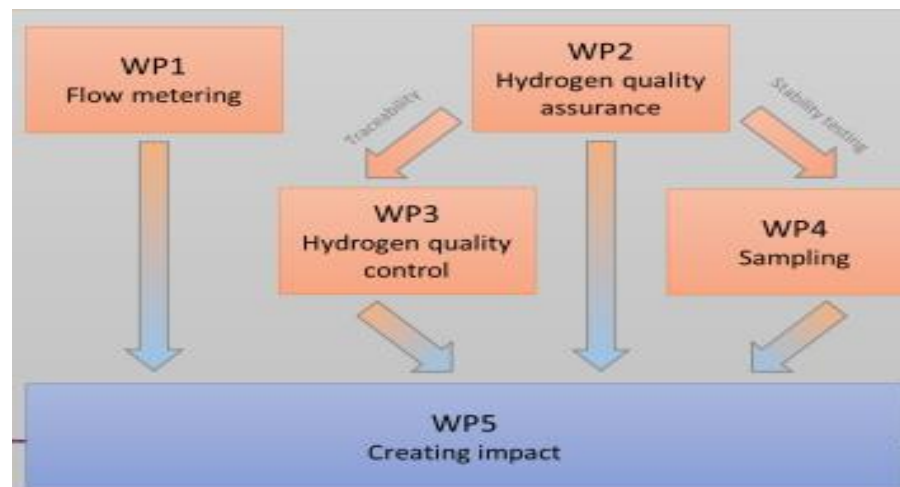
= Direct contracts (often flat rate for vehicle refuelling)

EURAMET involved in H2 flow metering + gas quality & properties (JRP MetroHyve, SRT 'MetroHyve2')

➔ First primary standards for H2 flow metering begin to appear

Metrology for Hydrogen Vehicles

- Task 1.1: Assessing the uncertainty sources for hydrogen metering
- Task 1.2: Investigate alternative methods for type approval testing using substitute substances to hydrogen
- Task 1.3: Investigation on the high-pressure dependence of Coriolis mass flow meters
- Task 1.4: Development of a gravimetric method to calibrate and verify HRS flow meters at 875 bar
- Task 1.5: Uncertainty budget for the type approval testing, the periodic verification and gravimetric facility



Metrology for Hydrogen Vehicles

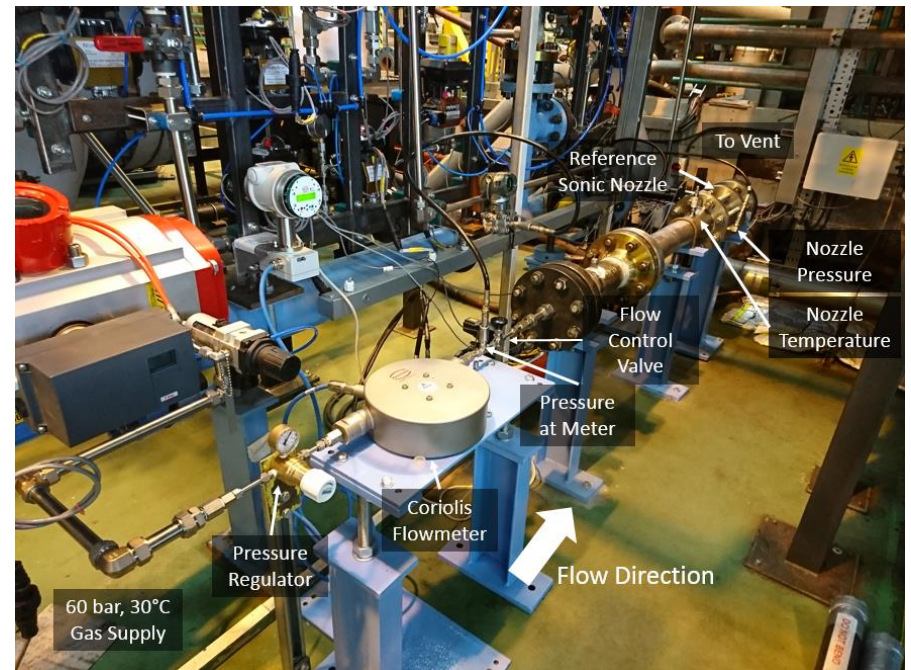
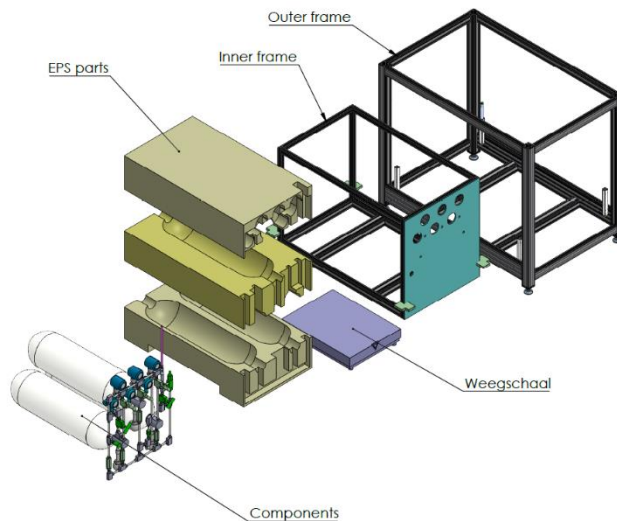
Flow meters in the refuelling station must be accurate to 1,5 % (OIML R 139-1)

Refuelling stations cannot cost their customers with required accuracies

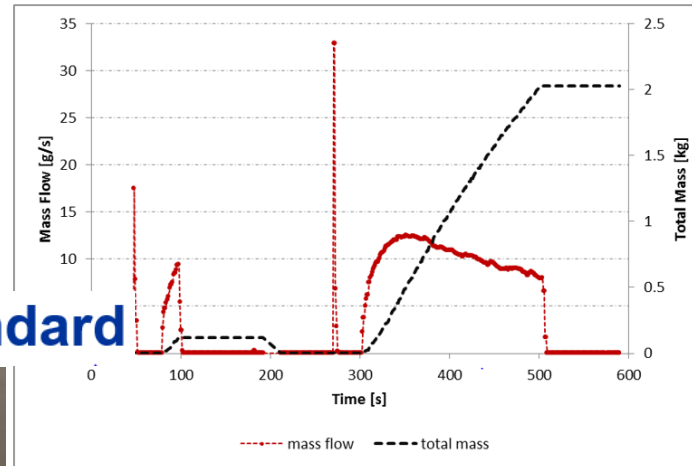
Hydrogen supplied can vary up to 875 bar in pressure and between - 40° C to ambient temperature during refuelling



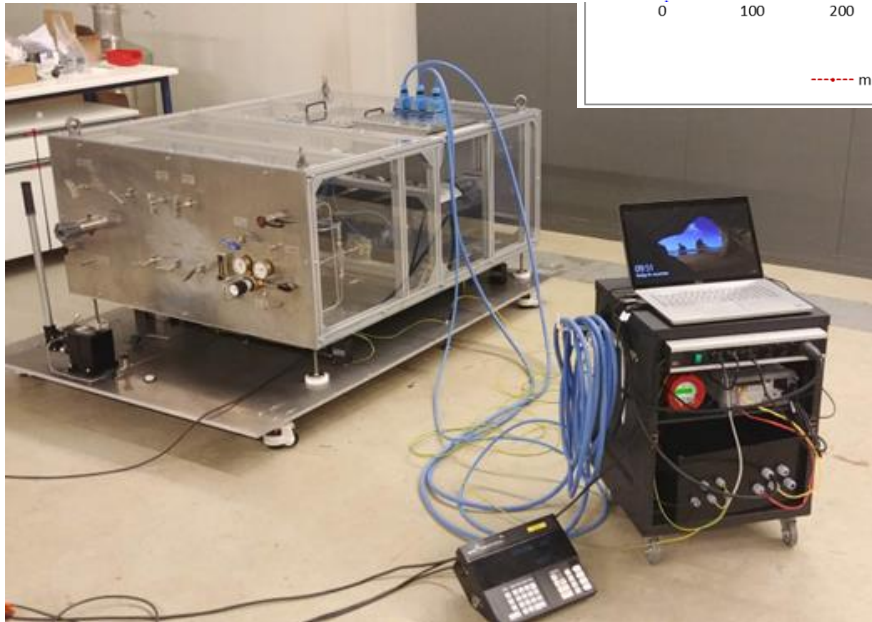
Task 1.2: Testing flow meters with substitute gases to hydrogen



Task 1.4: Development of 4 field standards based on gravimetric method



JV's gravimetric standard



From now
aiming to open HRS to private individuals



Woman/Man in the street

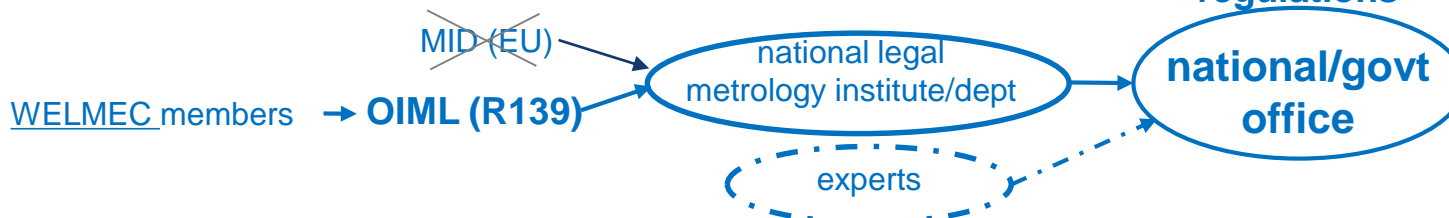


Legal metrology involved
(for consumer protection)



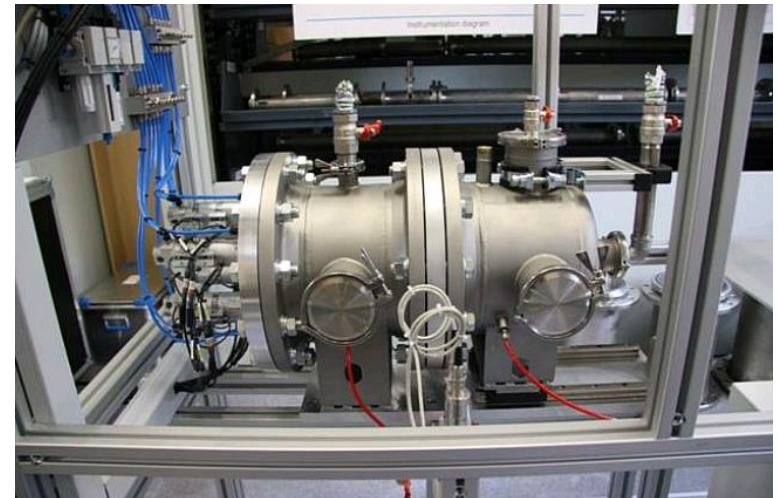
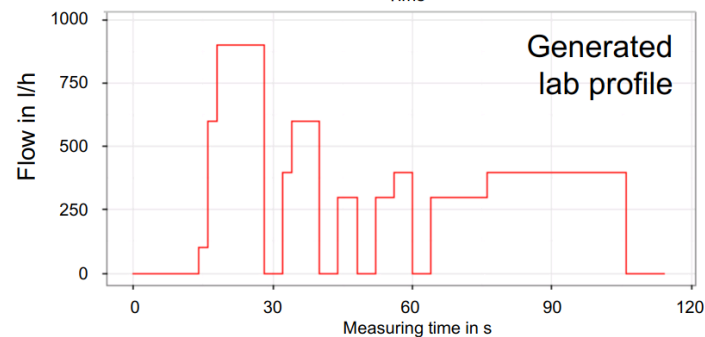
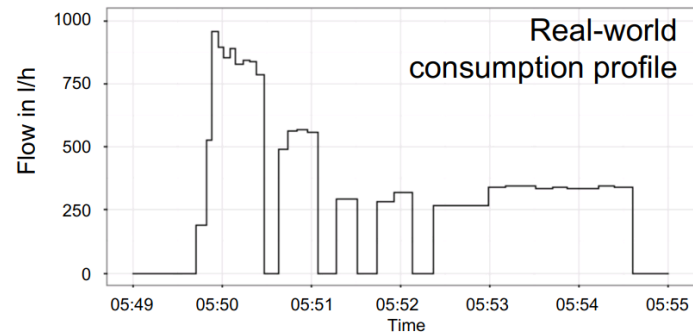
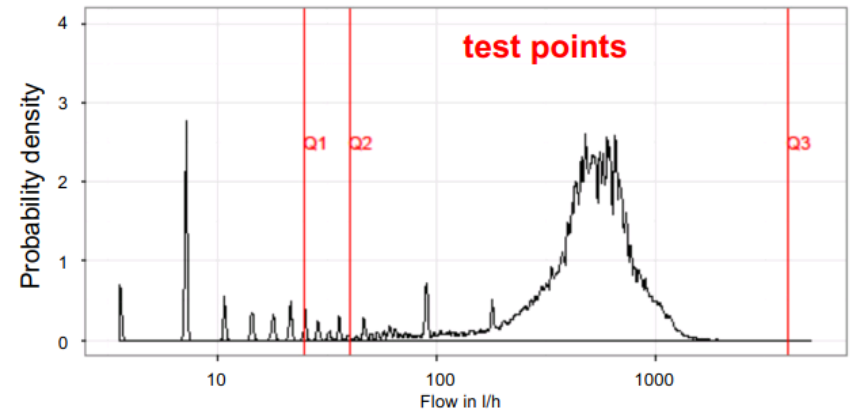
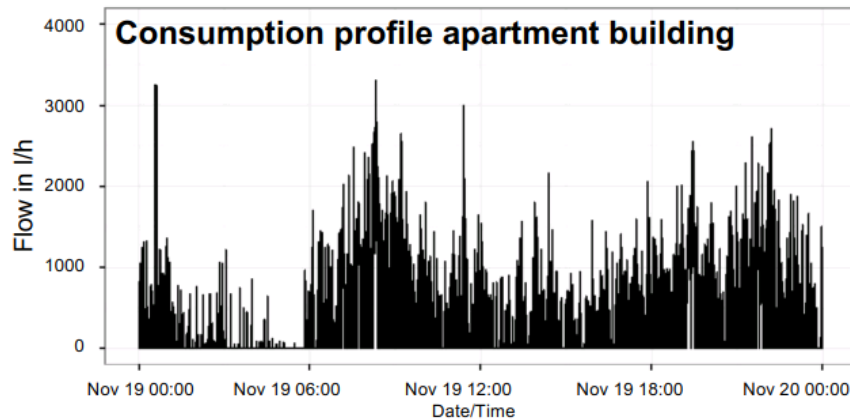
Type approval
Primary verification
Periodic verification (opt.)

country
regulations



Comments:

- Regulations in EU countries are not defined, or preliminary ones appear too demanding → Technical and possibly financial issues for industry
- Implementation of Primary and Secondary standards (on site devices) are just coming into service , while complex and costly



Guides from/ in cooperation with TC-F



Guideline on the Calibration of
Solid Anemometers



Part 1: Pitot Static Tubes

Guidelines on the Calibration
of Solid Anemometers



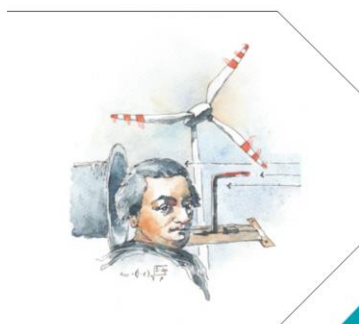
EURAMET Calibration Guide No. 24
Version 1.0 (02/2019)

EURAMET Gui
on Comparison
EURAMET Guide No. 4
Version 1.1 (12/2016)

Guidelines on the Determination
of Uncertainty in Gravimetric
Volume Calibration



EURAMET Calibration Guide No. 19
Version 3.0 (09/2015)

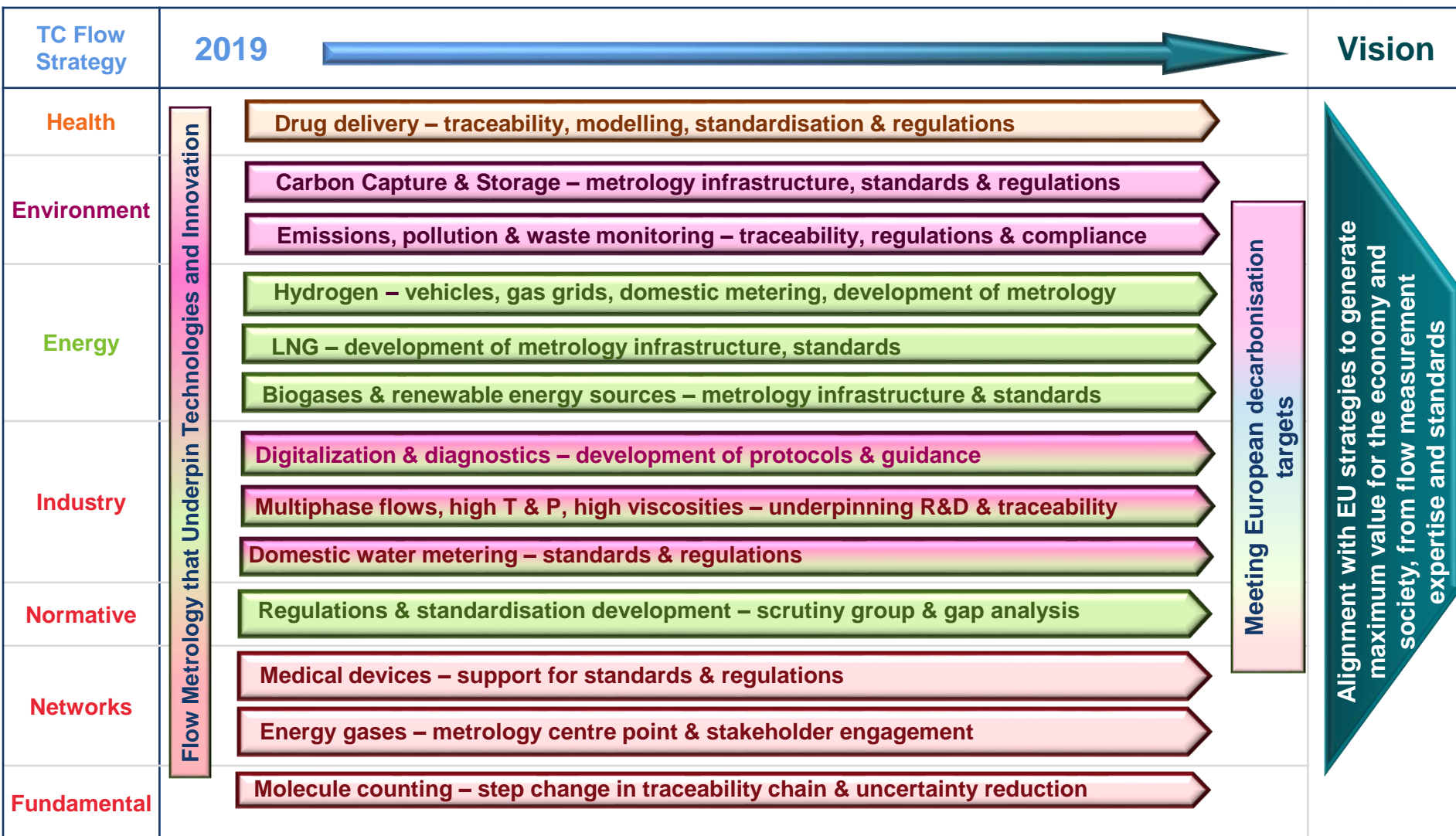


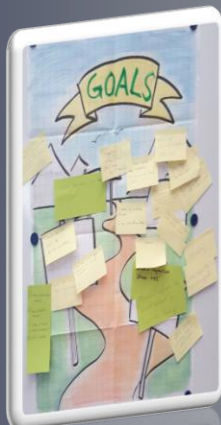
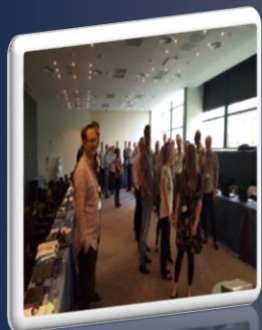
Flow



Flow

The Vision of TC Flow





Line Up

Mentor

World Cafe

Poster

Fish Bowl



